



UPPER GERA WATERSHED (GERMANY)

AREAL ASSESSMENT OF WATER-QUALITY MONITORING AND ASSOCIATED MODEL APPLICATION

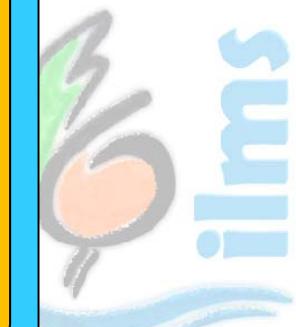
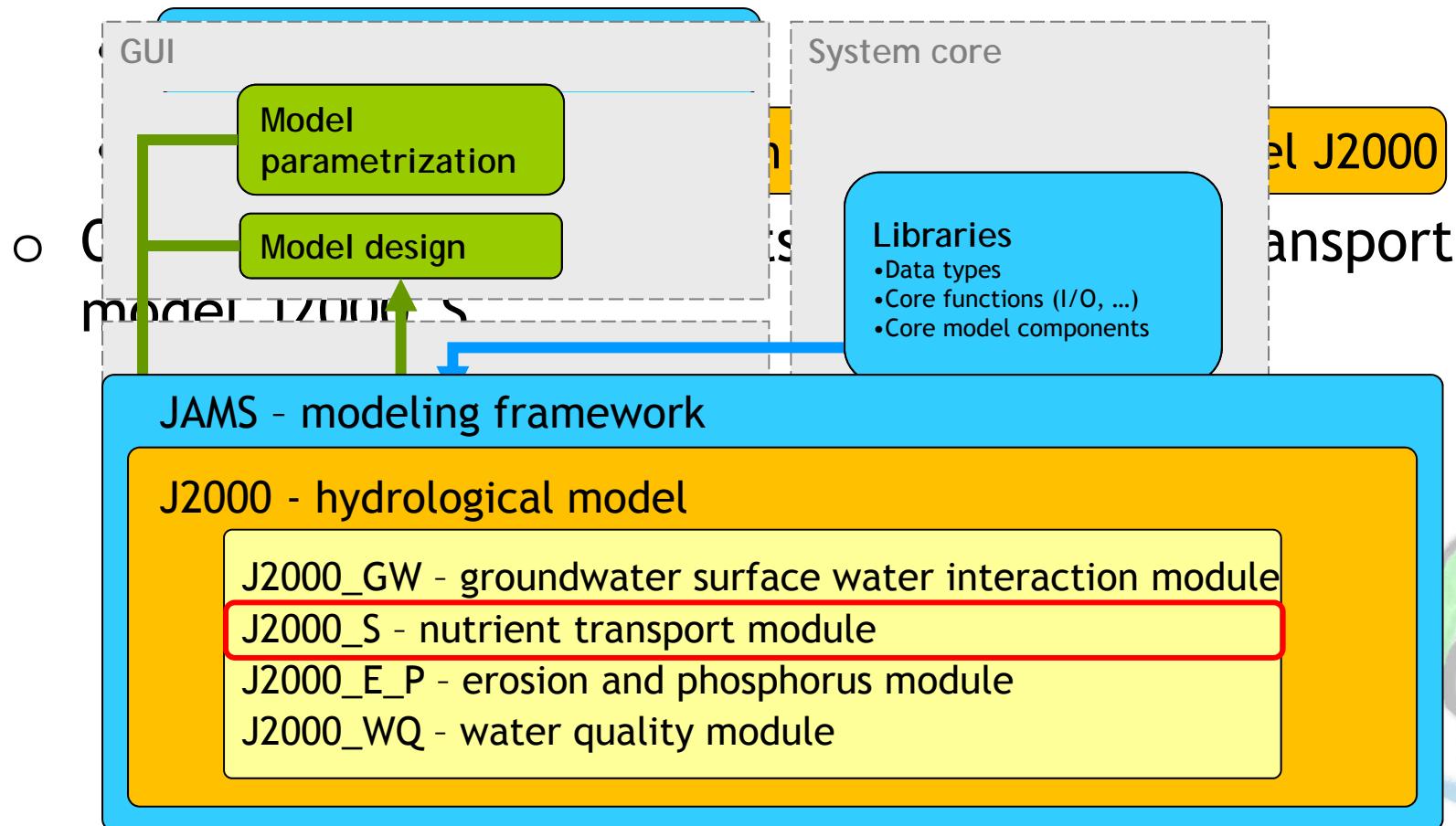
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Sven Kralisch, Peter Krause, W.-A. Flügel

INNOPROFILE
UNTERNEHMEN REGION
Die BMBF-Innovationsinitiative
Neue Länder

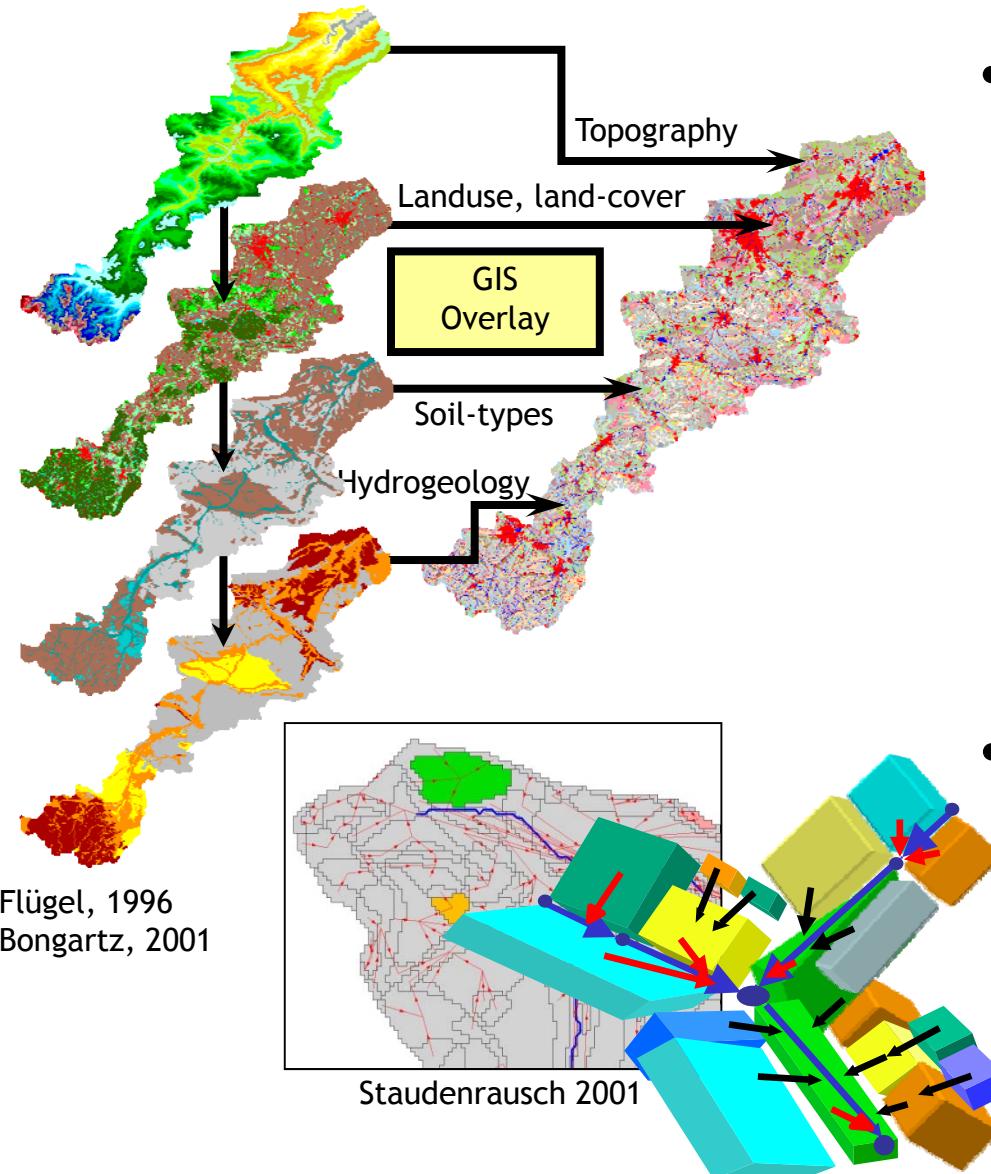


INTRODUCTION

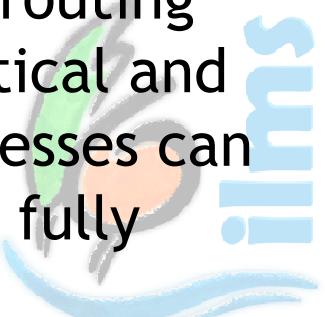
- The ILMS - project (Integrated Landscape Management System)
- Provide a modular structured software system



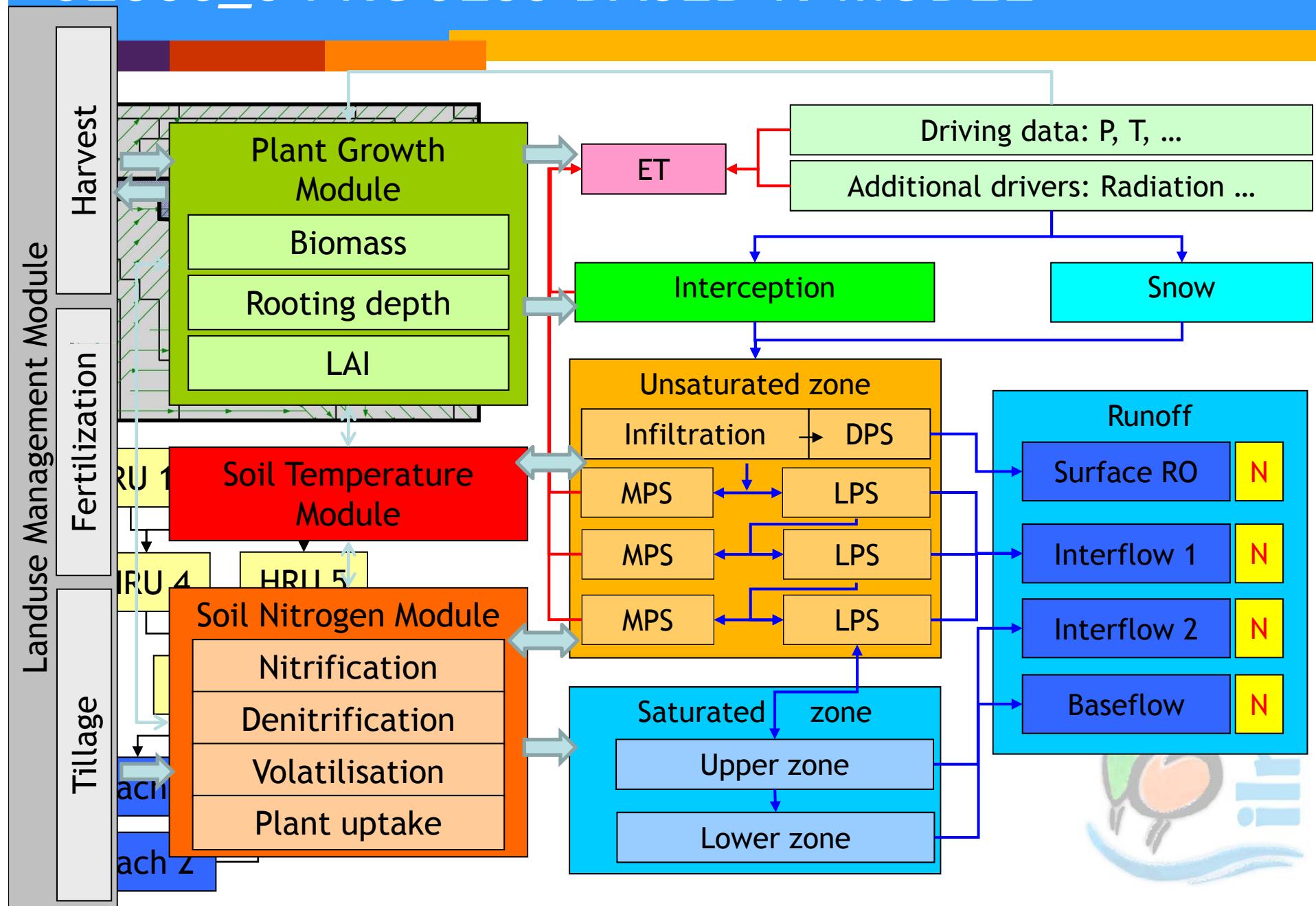
J2000_S - HRU DELINEATION



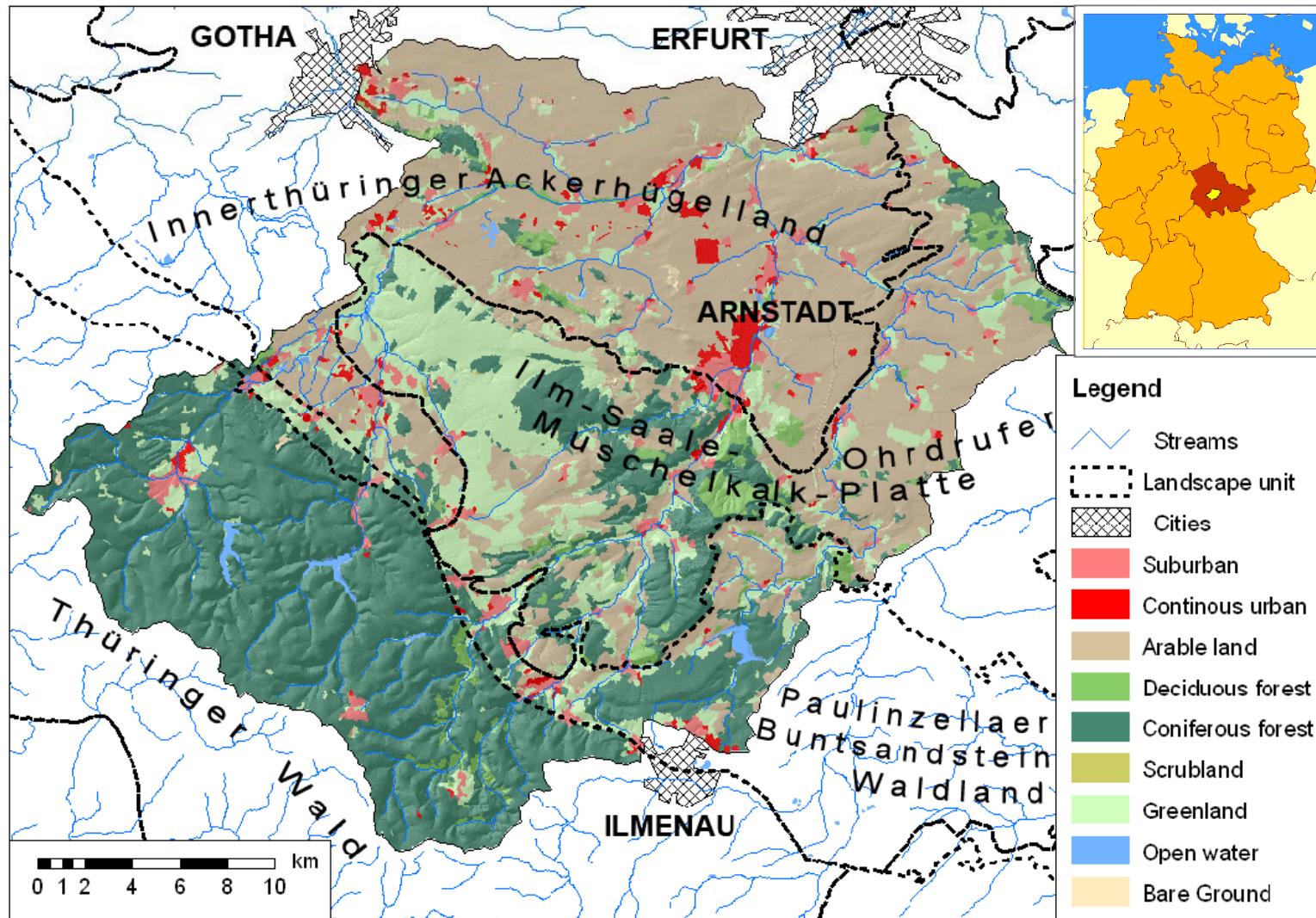
- The scalable Response Unit distribution concept allows process oriented classification of catchments without loss of important information
- Combined with a topological routing scheme vertical and lateral processes can be modeled fully distributed



J2000_S PROCESS BASED N-MODEL



UPPER GERA TEST SITE



Thuringian Forest:
400 to 980 m a.s.l
 $P = 1200 \text{ mm}$

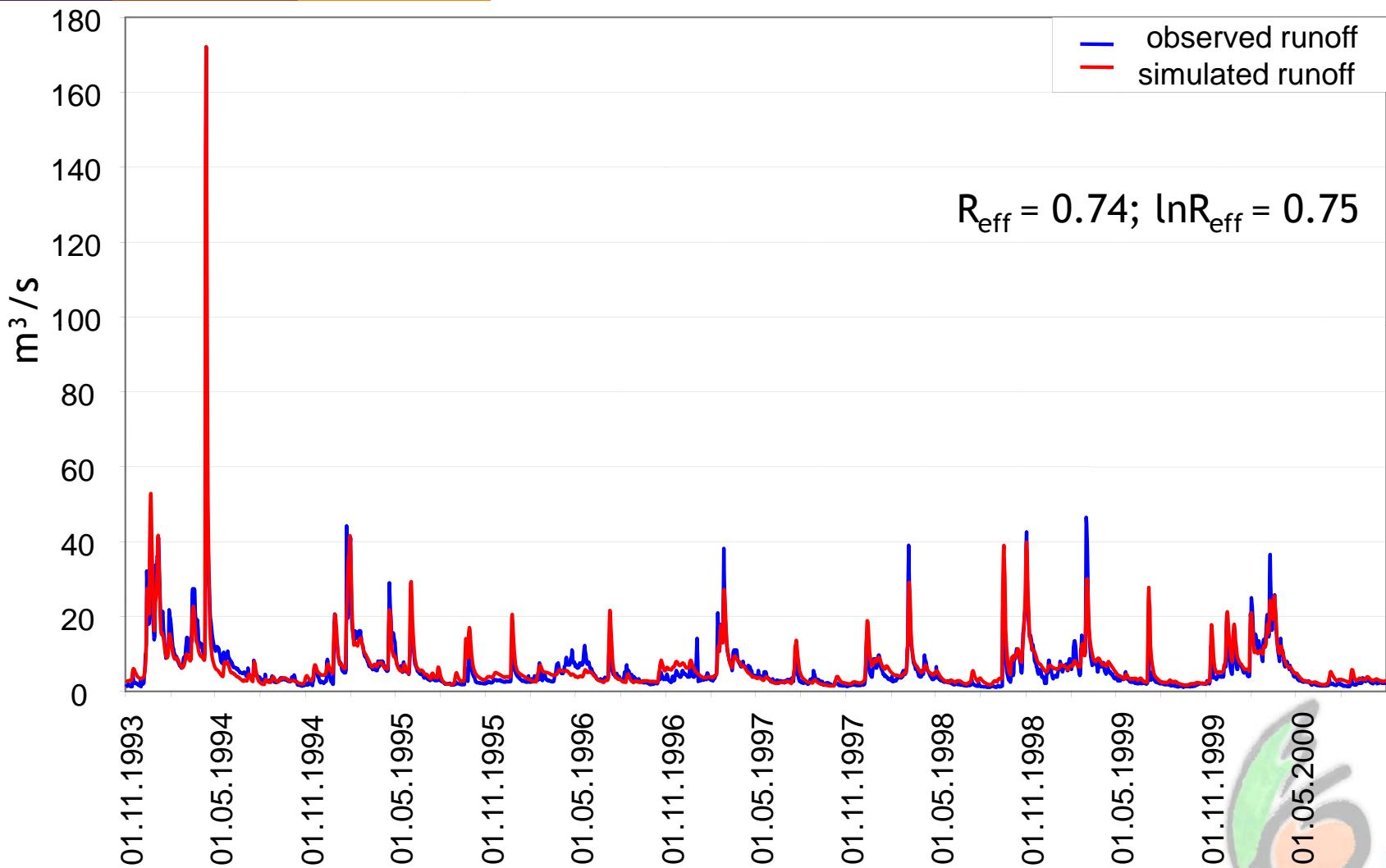
Sandstone Woodland:
400 to 600 m a.s.l
 $P = 550 - 800 \text{ mm}$

Limestone Plate:
300 to 600 m a.s.l
 $P = 550 - 750 \text{ mm}$

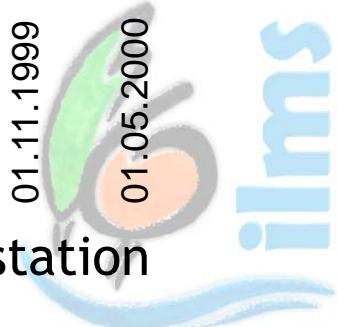
Central Thuringian Farmland:
200 to 400 m a.s.l
 $P = 500 - 600 \text{ mm}$



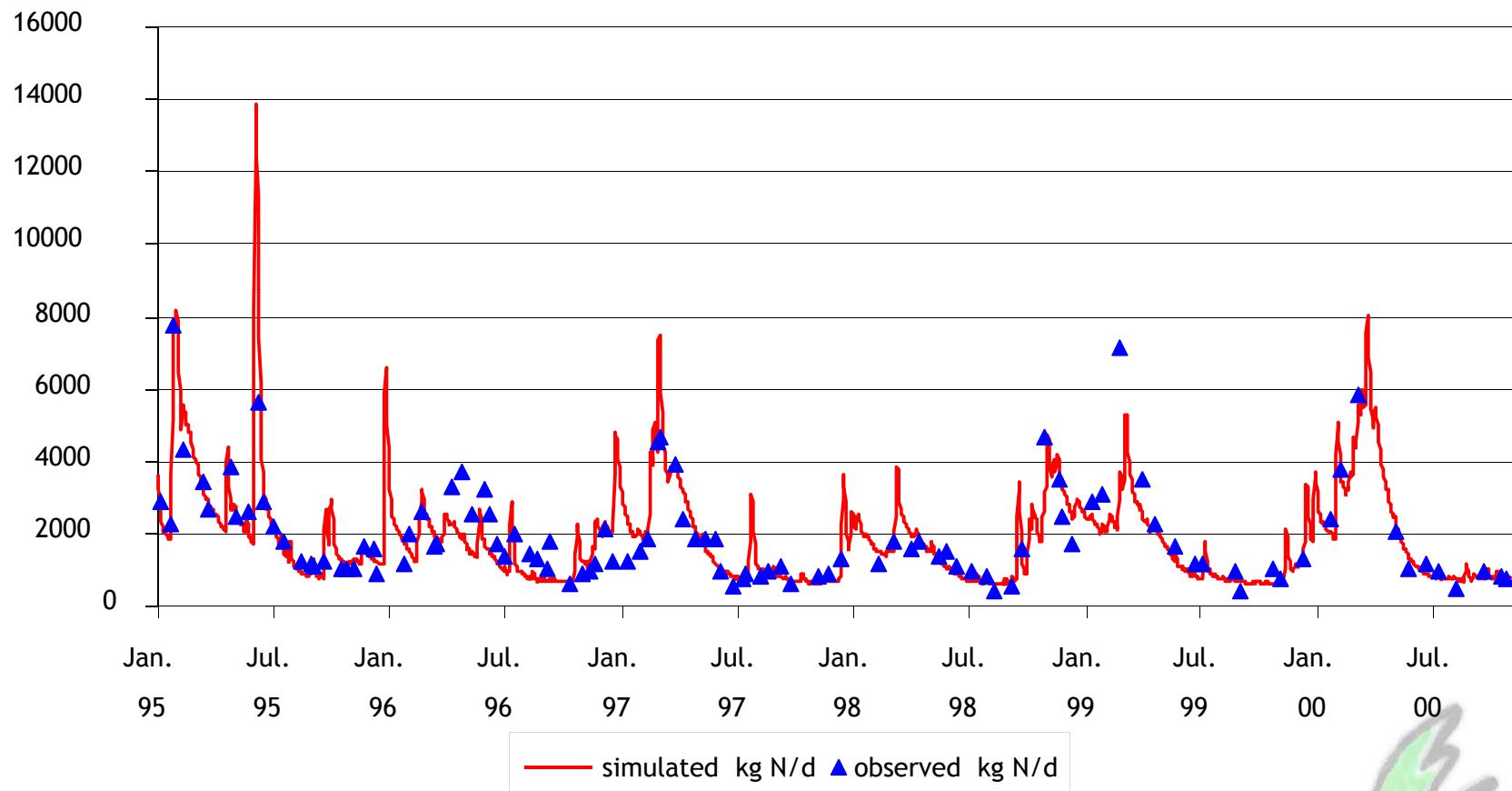
J2000 MODEL RESULTS



Observed and simulated runoff (m^3/s) at the gauge station
Erfurt-Moebisburg (catchment outlet)



J2000_S MODEL RESULTS



Observed and simulated N-loads (kg/d) at the gauge station
Erfurt-Moebisburg (catchment outlet)



FURTHER MODEL DEVELOPMENT

JAMS - modeling framework

J2000 - hydrological model

J2000_S - nutrient transport module

J2000_GW - groundwater surface water interaction module

J2000_E_P - erosion and phosphorus module

J2000_WQ - water quality module

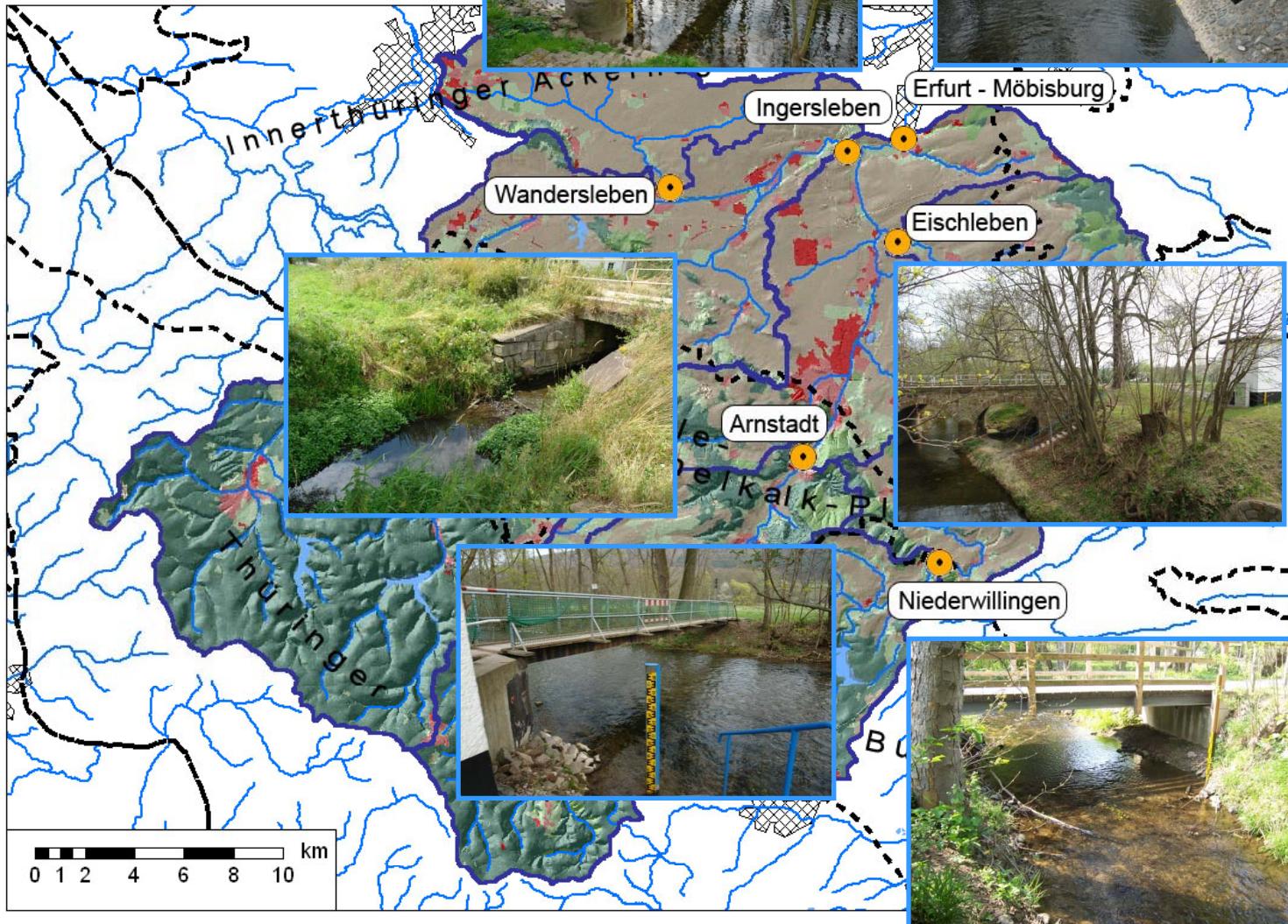
- The application of water quality models is often confronted with a poor basis of calibration and validation data
- Thus a measurement network was installed to provide data for *process identification*, *calibration* and *validation* of water quality models in the mesoscale
- We expect from the use of these field data a substantial improvement of the quality and the reliability for our process-modeling system



MEASUREMENTS



W.R.K.: Quality (1)

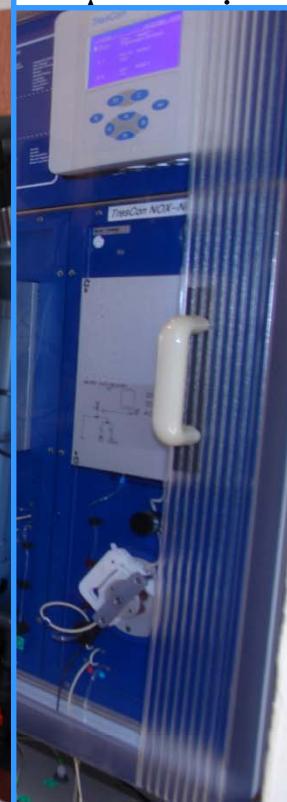
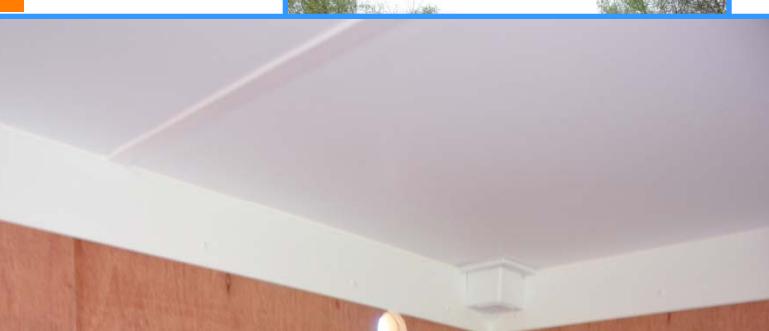


Online stations
(15 minutes)

- Total Phosphorus
- Nitrate
- Ammonium
- TOC/CSB
- Dissolved Oxygen
- pH
- Electrical conductivity
- Turbidity
- Suspended solids
- Temperature
- Redox Potential
- Runoff



MEASUREMENT NETWORK: water quality (2)



Online stations
(15 minutes)

- Total Phosphorus
- Nitrate

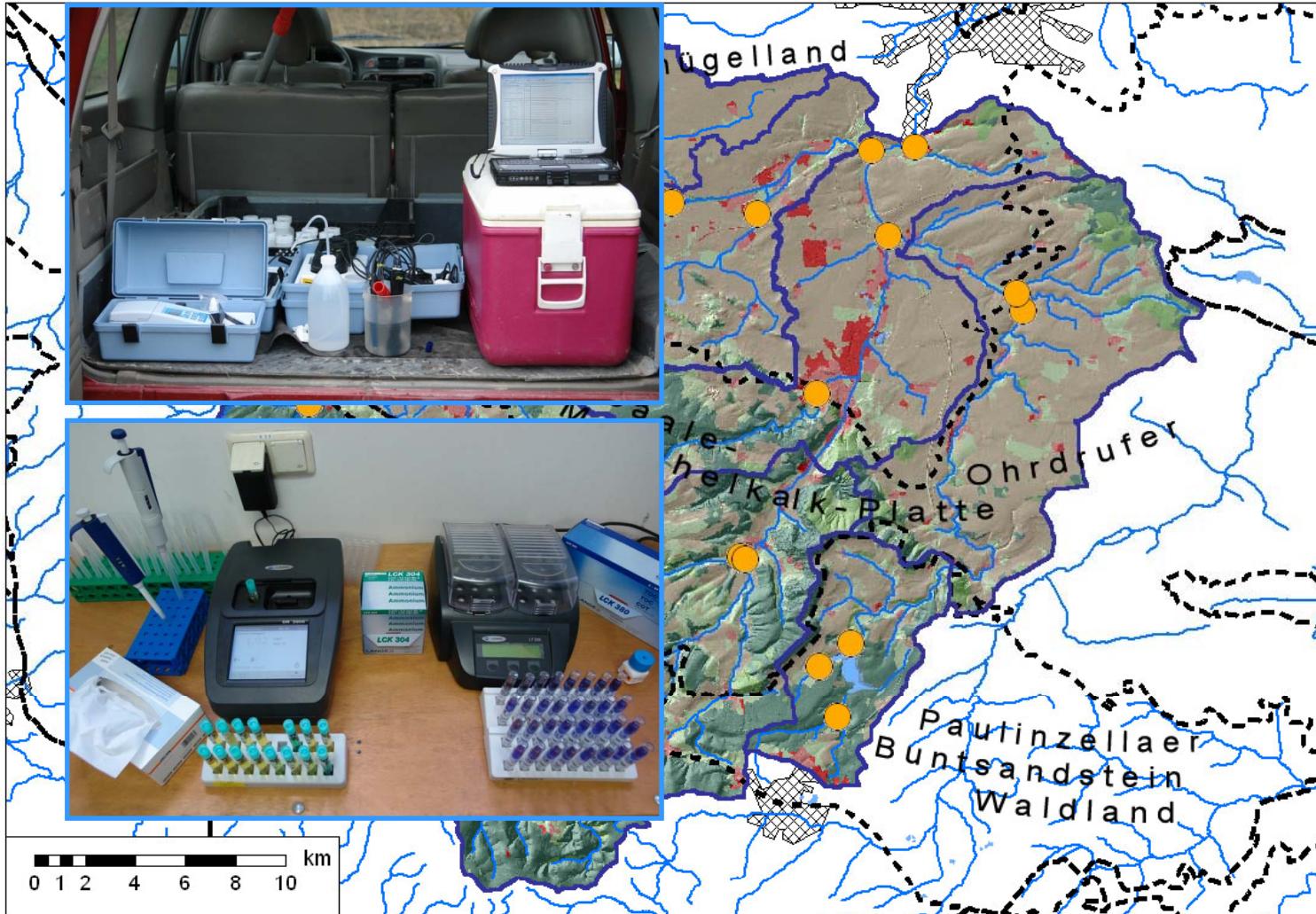
x oxygen

y

solids
are
ential

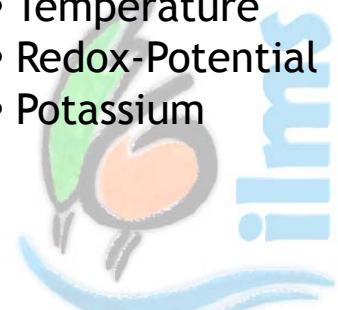


MEASUREMENT NETWORK: water quality (3)



Sample points
(monthly)

- Total Phosphorus
- Nitrate
- Nitrite
- Ammonium
- TOC
- CSB
- Dissolved Oxygen
- pH
- Electrical conductivity
- Turbidity
- Calcium
- Magnesium
- Temperature
- Redox-Potential
- Potassium

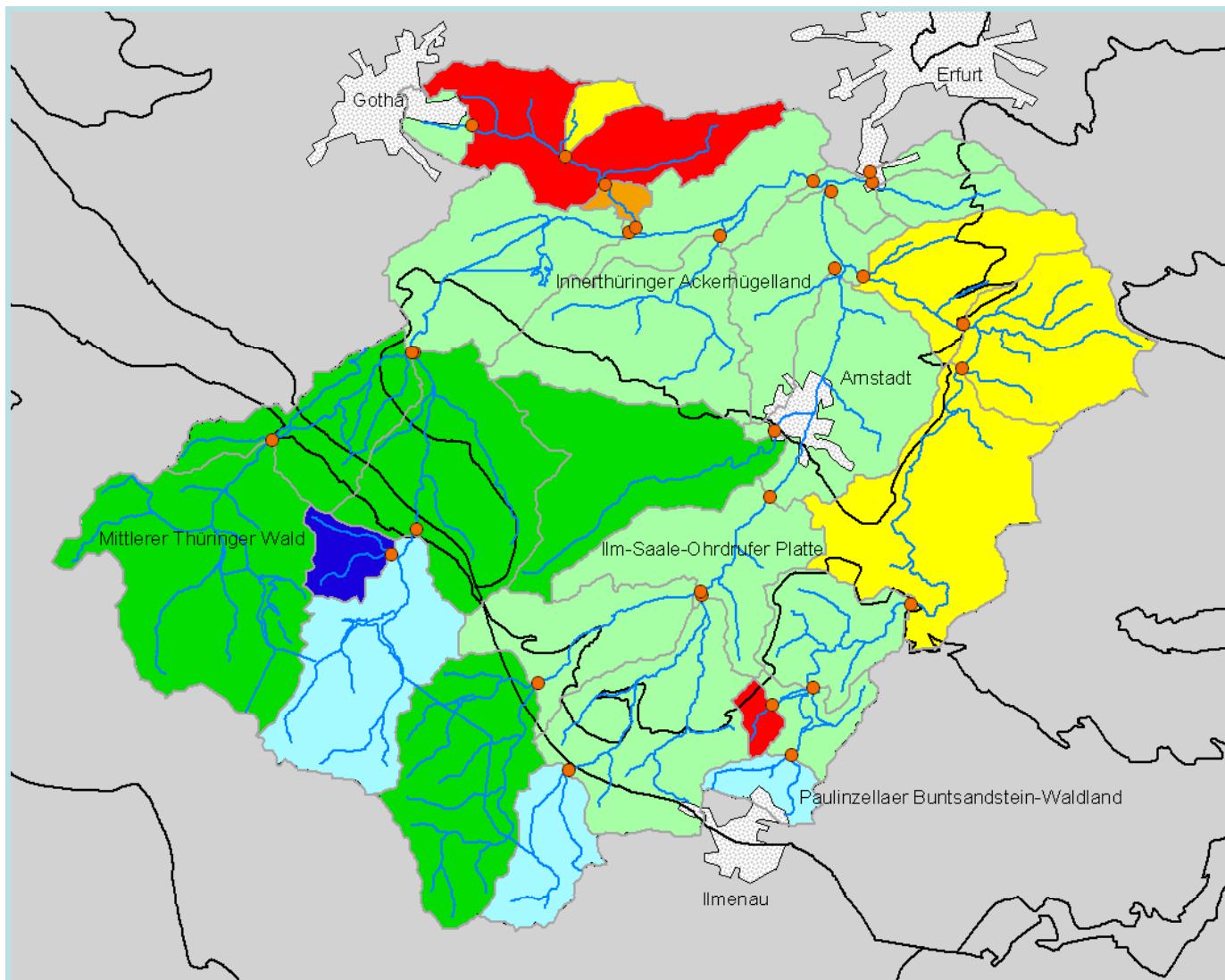


MEASUREMENT NETWORK: water quality (4)

chemical water quality classification of the german federal states working group (LAWA 1998)

Quality class	Color assignment	description	NH4-N (mg/l)	NO3-N (mg/l)	Total P (mg/l)
I	Dark Blue	No anthropogenic pollution: Geogenic background	≤ 0,04	≤ 1	≤ 0,05
I - II	Cyan	Very low pollution: Up to half the target value	≤ 0,1	≤ 1,5	≤ 0,08
II	Green	Moderate pollution: Compliance of the target value	≤ 0,3	≤ 2,5	≤ 0,15
II - III	Light Green	Significant pollution: Up to twice the target value	≤ 0,6	≤ 5	≤ 0,3
III	Yellow	Increased pollution: Up to four times the target value	≤ 1,2	≤ 10	≤ 0,6
III - IV	Orange	High pollution: Up to eight times the target value	≤ 2,4	≤ 20	≤ 1,2
IV	Red	Very high pollution: Greater than eight times the target value	> 2,4	> 20	> 1,2

MEASUREMENT NETWORK: water quality (5)



quality class	color assignment
I	Dark Blue
I - II	Cyan
II	Green
II - III	Light Green
III	Yellow
III - IV	Orange
IV	Red

90th percentile NO₂ at 10�apillary (January 2008 until November 2009)



MEASUREMENT NETWORK: water quality (6)

- The measurement network was designed to capture the influences of the different landscape types on the water quality
- The first results show that the most important influences of landscape on the water quality could be identified
- The data gathered from this measurement network will be used for further model development and validation

JAMS - modeling framework

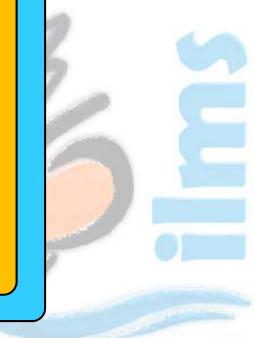
J2000 - hydrological model

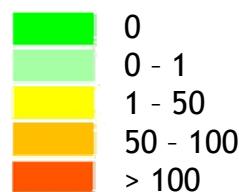
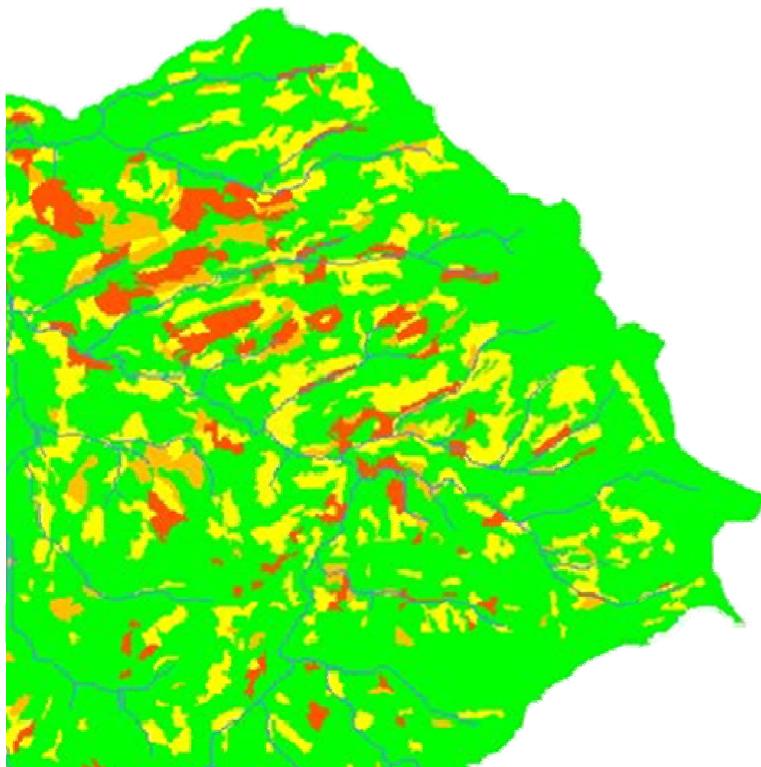
J2000_S - nutrient transport module

J2000_GW - groundwater surface water interaction module

J2000_E_P - erosion and phosphorus module

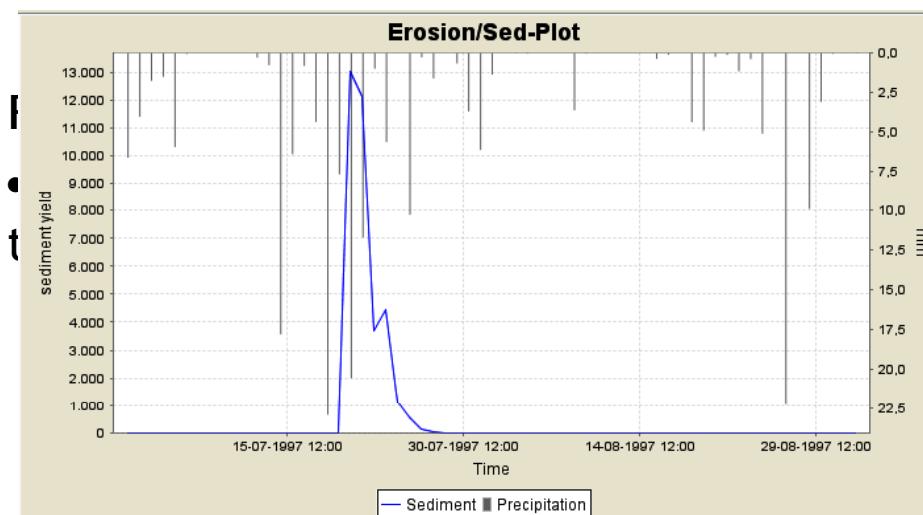
J2000_WQ - water quality module





Present work:

- The erosion module is also integrated in the J2000 HRU linkage approach
- For the calculation of sediment yield the Modified Universal Soil Loss Equation (MUSLE) with a dynamic surface runoff factor is used
- The equation calculates sediment yield / soil loss from every rainfall event and in every temporal resolution



for





Thank you for your attention!

Acknowledgement

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