

# Effective Policy Based on Sparse Data TMDLs in the San Joaquin River Basin, California

Leslie F. Grober

# Introduction

- Background
- San Joaquin River TMDLs:
  - diazinon and chlorpyrifos
  - low dissolved oxygen

# TMDL Implementation

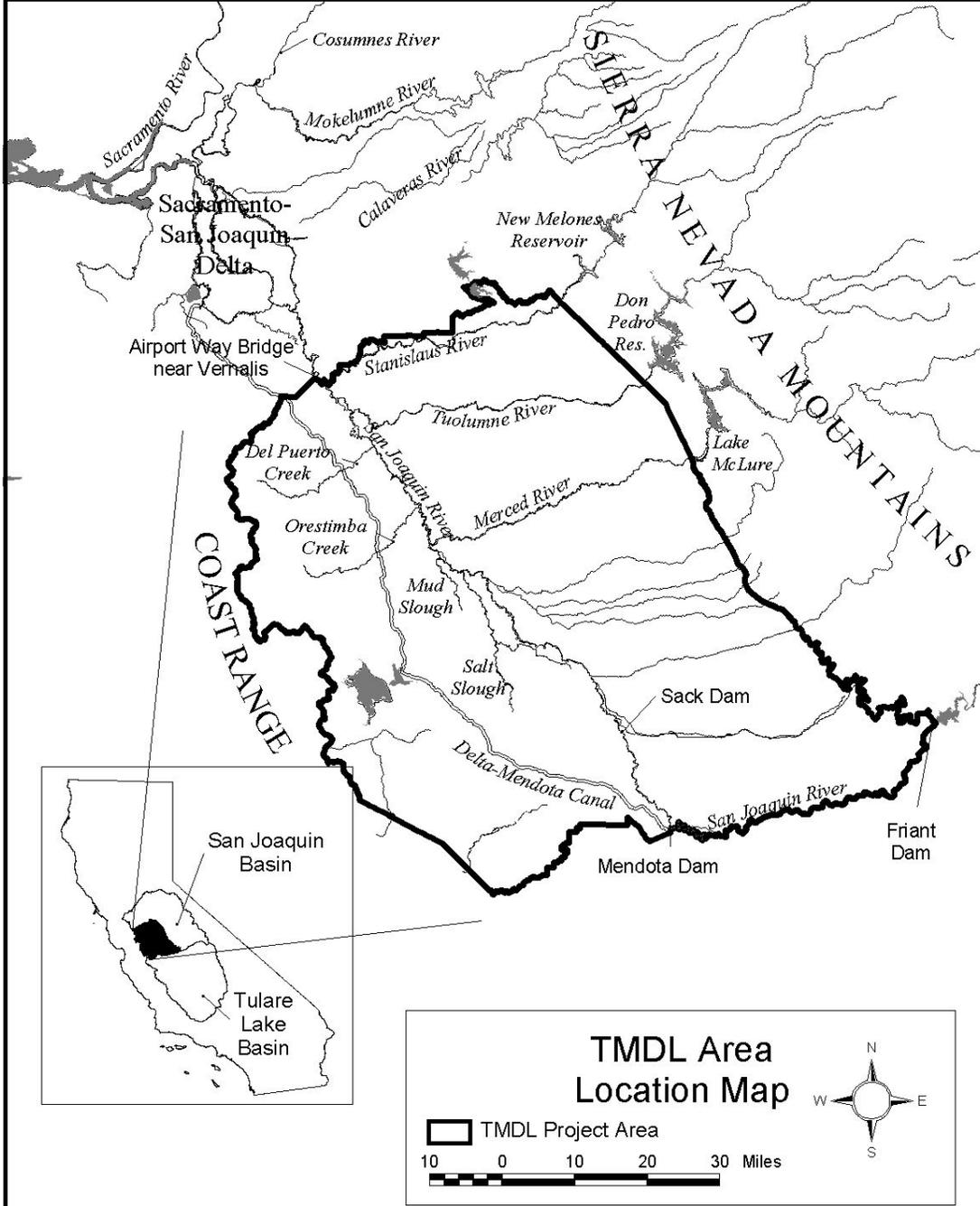
- Water Quality Control Plan (Basin Plan)
  - beneficial uses (e.g. agricultural or municipal water supply, freshwater habitat )
  - water quality objectives
  - numeric or narrative to protect beneficial uses
  - implement actions (to attain the water quality objectives)
  - surveillance and monitoring (to assure compliance with standards)

# TMDL Implementation Actions

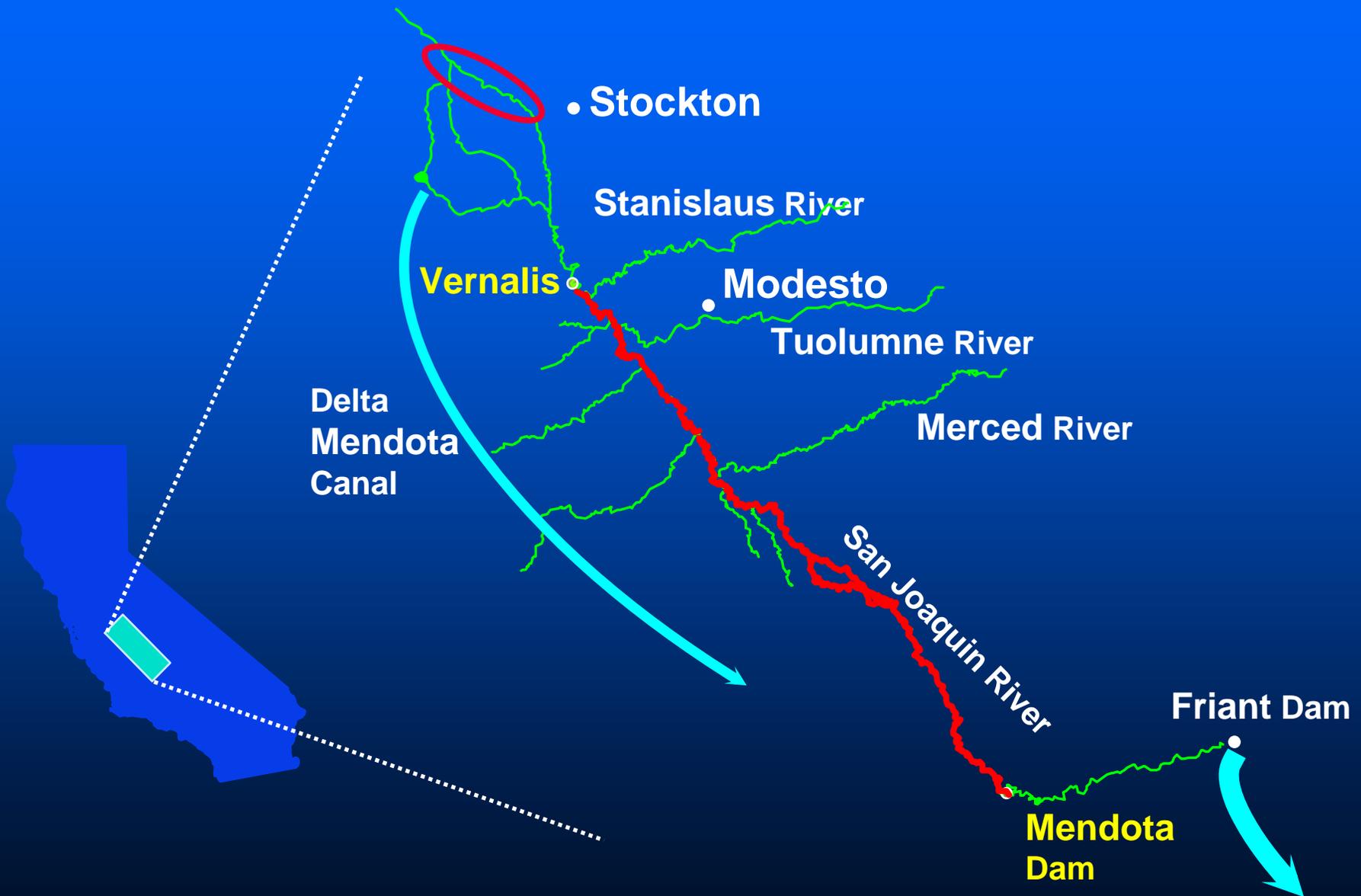
- Waste Discharge Requirements (WDRs)
- Waivers of WDRs
- Prohibitions of discharge
- Recommendations

# San Joaquin River TMDLs

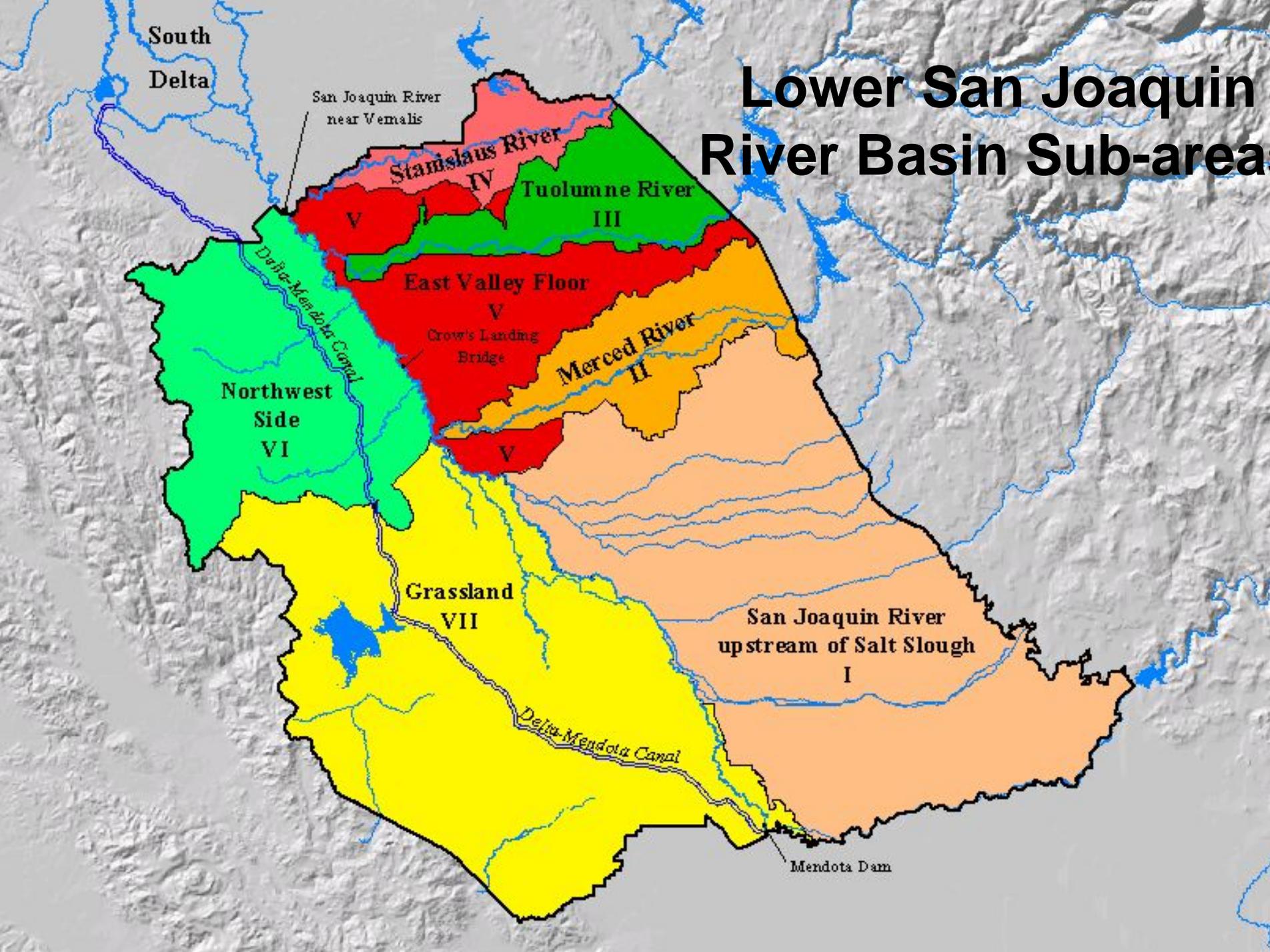
- San Joaquin River Diazinon and Chlorpyrifos
- Stockton Deepwater Ship Channel Dissolved Oxygen



# Lower San Joaquin River Basin

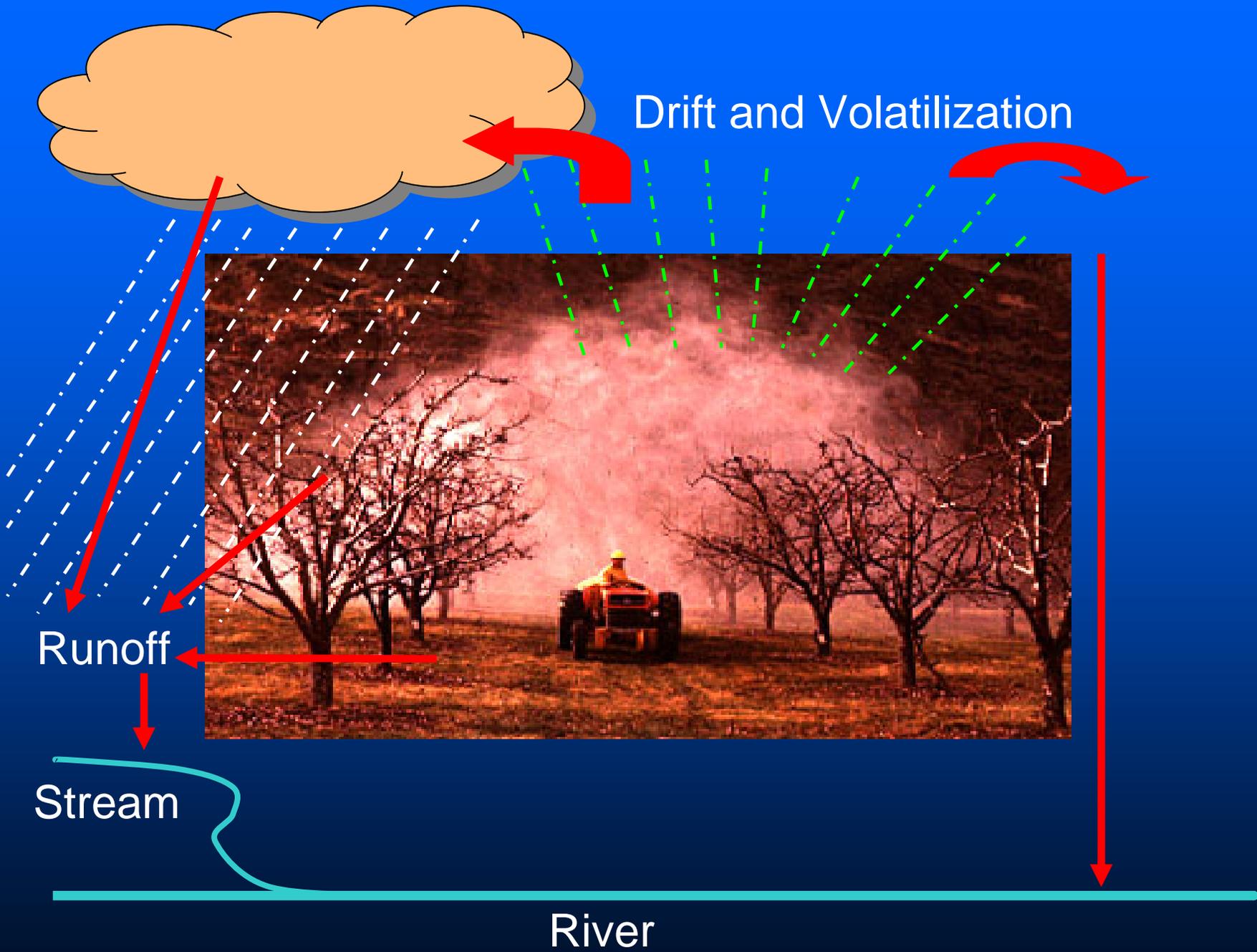


# Lower San Joaquin River Basin Sub-area



# Diazinon and Chlorpyrifos TMDL Challenges

- Only narrative water quality objectives
- Source analysis shows two distinct times of water quality impairment:
  - Storm season (peak concentrations with high flows)
  - Irrigation season (peak concentrations with low flows)
- Additive toxicity of diazinon and chlorpyrifos



Drift and Volatilization

Runoff

Stream

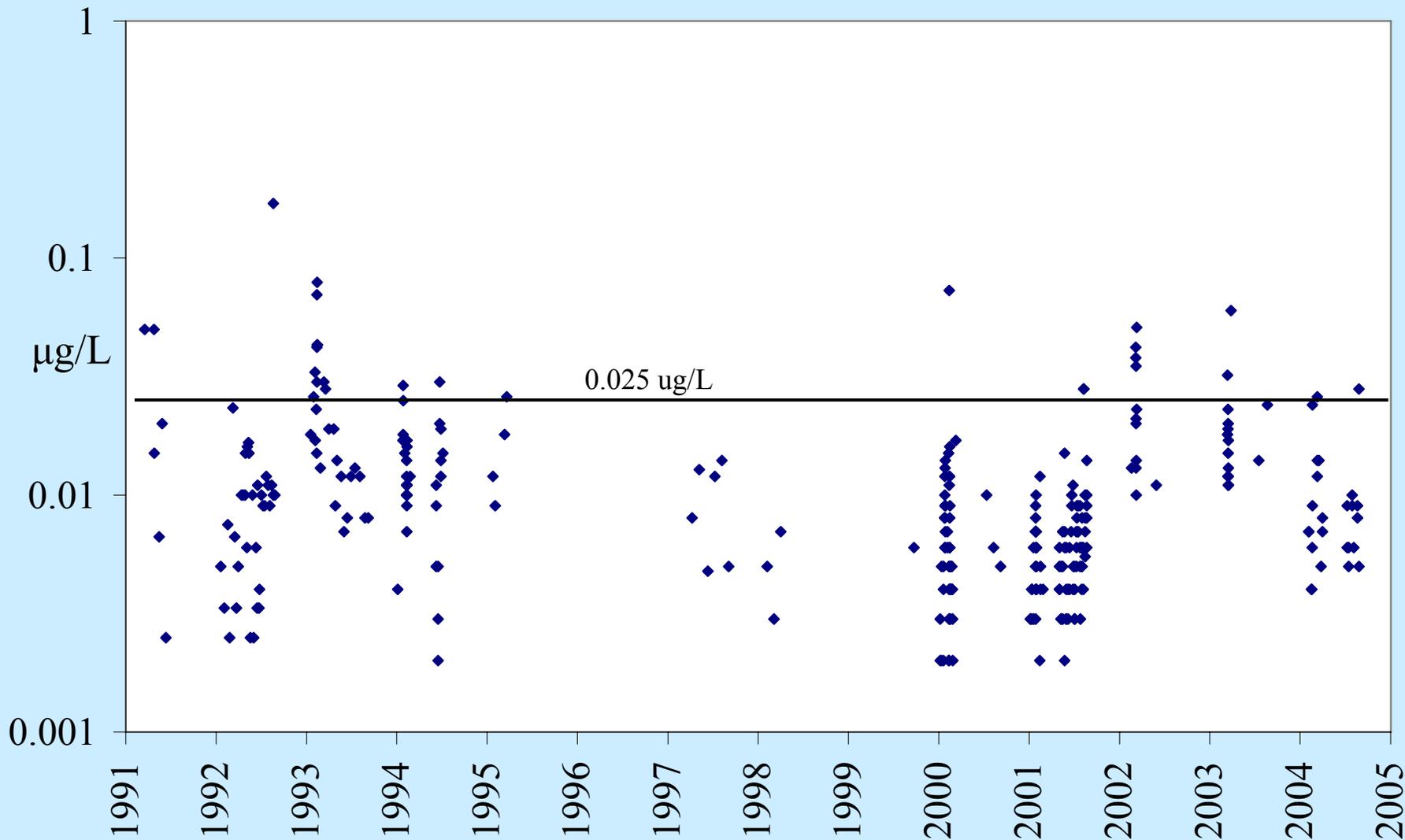
River

# Sources of diazinon, chlorpyrifos

- Most diazinon used in dormant season (Dec-Feb)
- Most chlorpyrifos used in irrigation season (March- Sept)
- Some overlapping use of both at same time



# San Joaquin River Mainstem Chlorpyrifos Concentrations



# Recommended Loading Capacity (Additivity Formula)

$$\frac{C_D}{WQO_D} + \frac{C_C}{WQO_C} \leq 1.0$$

where

$C_D$  and  $C_C$  = diazinon and chlopyrifos concentrations in the receiving water.

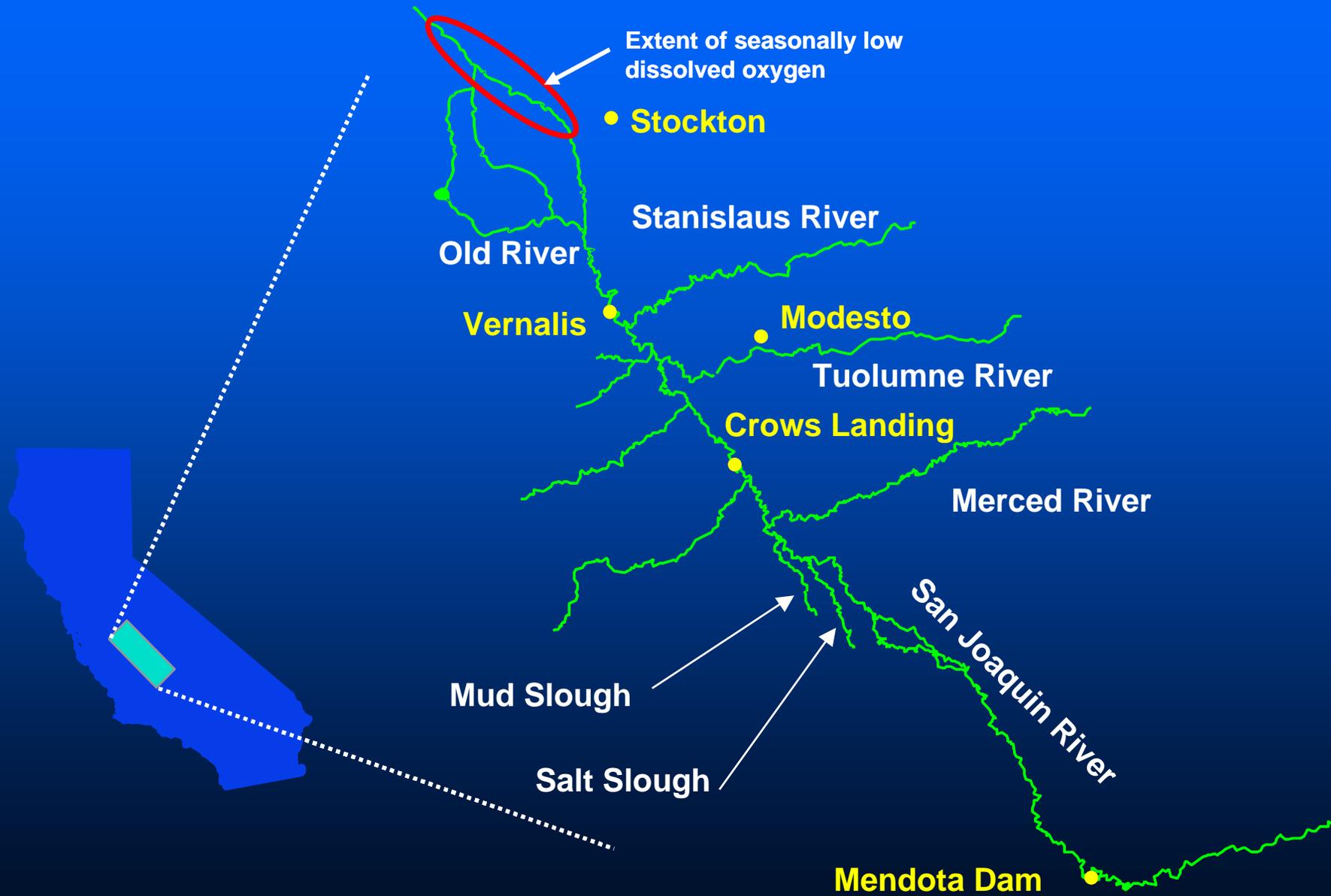
$WQO_D$  and  $WQO_C$  = acute or chronic diazinon or chlopyrifos water quality objective



# Diazinon and Chlorpyrifos TMDL Solutions & Compliance

- Establish water quality objectives
- Prohibition of Discharge
- Waste Discharge Requirements and Waiver of WDRs:
  - Management plans
- Review TMDL

# Lower San Joaquin River Basin



# Dissolved Oxygen TMDL Challenges

- Three main causes:
  1. Oxygen demanding substances
    - » Local: ammonia from waste water treatment plant
    - » Upstream: algae
  2. Channel geometry
    - » Stockton Deep Water Ship Channel
  3. Flows
    - » Decreased flows result in increased residence time

# Dissolved Oxygen TMDL Solutions

- Apportioning of responsibility
- Allow use of alternate measures
- Require studies:
  - Fate and transport of oxygen demanding substances
  - Efficacy of alternate measures such as aeration
- Prohibition of discharge
- Review TMDL

# Conclusion

- Control Programs provide:
  - ‘regulatory backstop’ to encourage creative solutions
  - flexibility in manner of compliance
  - assurance that more information will be available when control programs are reviewed

# More Information

- Central Valley Regional Water Quality Control Board TMDL Projects page:

[http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/centralvalley/  
programs/tmdl/index.htm](http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/centralvalley/programs/tmdl/index.htm)