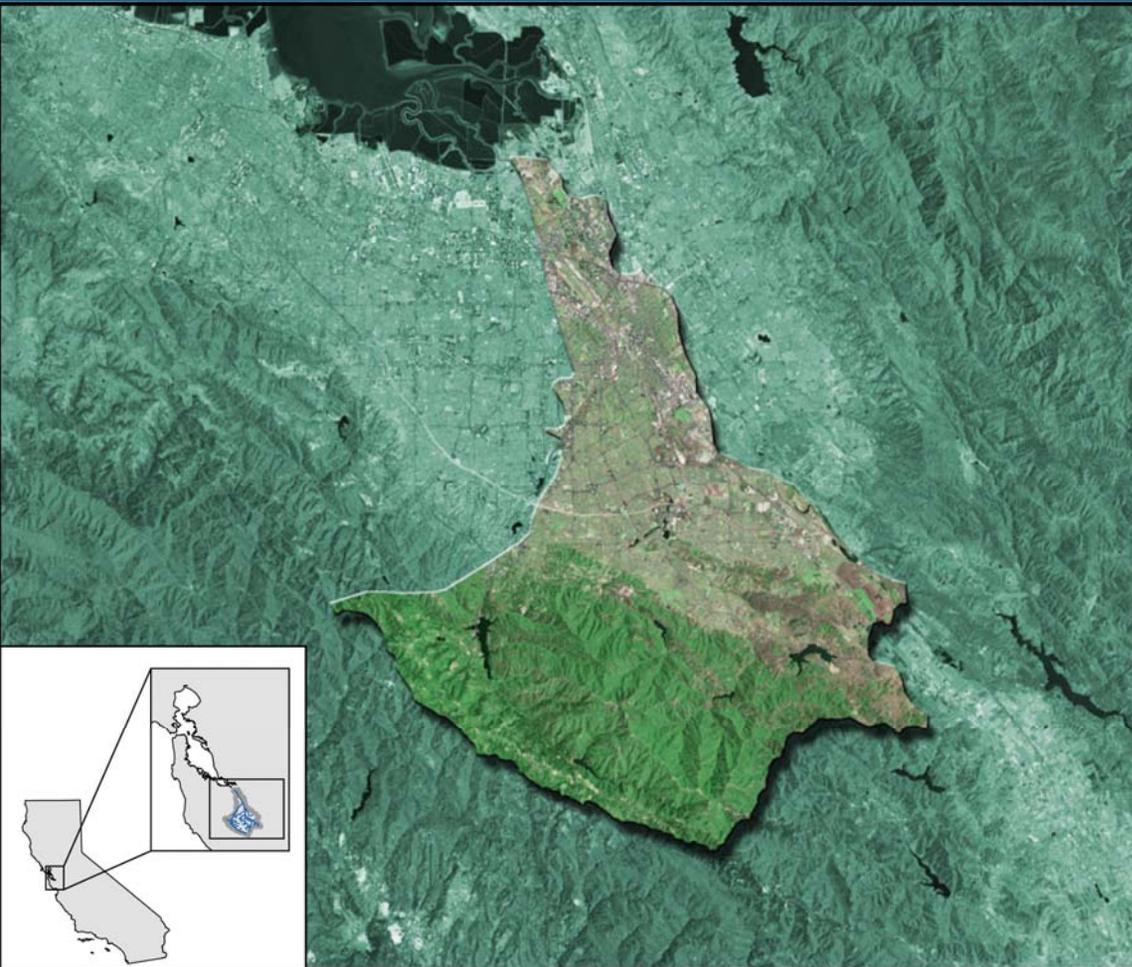
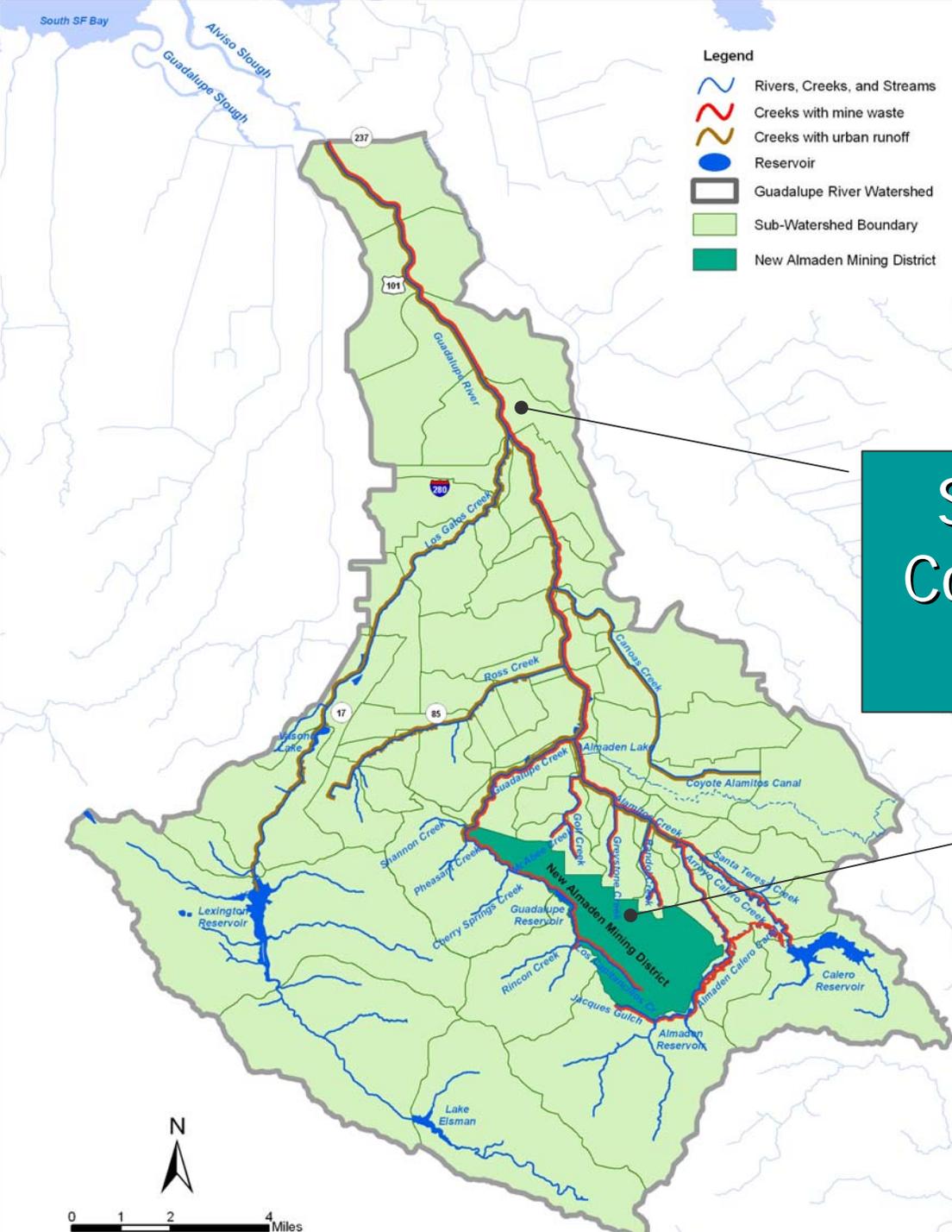


Guadalupe River Watershed Mercury TMDL



Carrie Austin
SF Bay Water Board



Welcome to the Guadalupe River Watershed!

San Jose Convention Center

New Almaden Mining District

Citation: figure by Tetra Tech

2

TMDL Elements

- Problem Statement
- Numeric Targets
- Source Analysis
- Linkage Analysis
- Allocations
- Implementation

CONCEPTUAL MODEL

Mercury Behavior in the
Guadalupe River Watershed

Scientific Basis of the TMDL

Initial Project Phases

- “Synoptic Survey”
(Dry Season Sampling)
 - 30 water samples
 - 15 sediment samples
- Draft Conceptual Model
 - Testable hypotheses
 - Write Sampling Plan

Major Sampling Phases

- Wet Season Sampling
 - 105 water samples
 - 30 sediment samples
- Dry Season Sampling
 - 60 water samples (2 reservoirs)
 - 300 fish (40-cm, 8-cm, 5-cm)

Major Reports

- Data Collection Report
- Final Conceptual Model Report

TMDL Elements in Conceptual Model

➤ Problem Statement

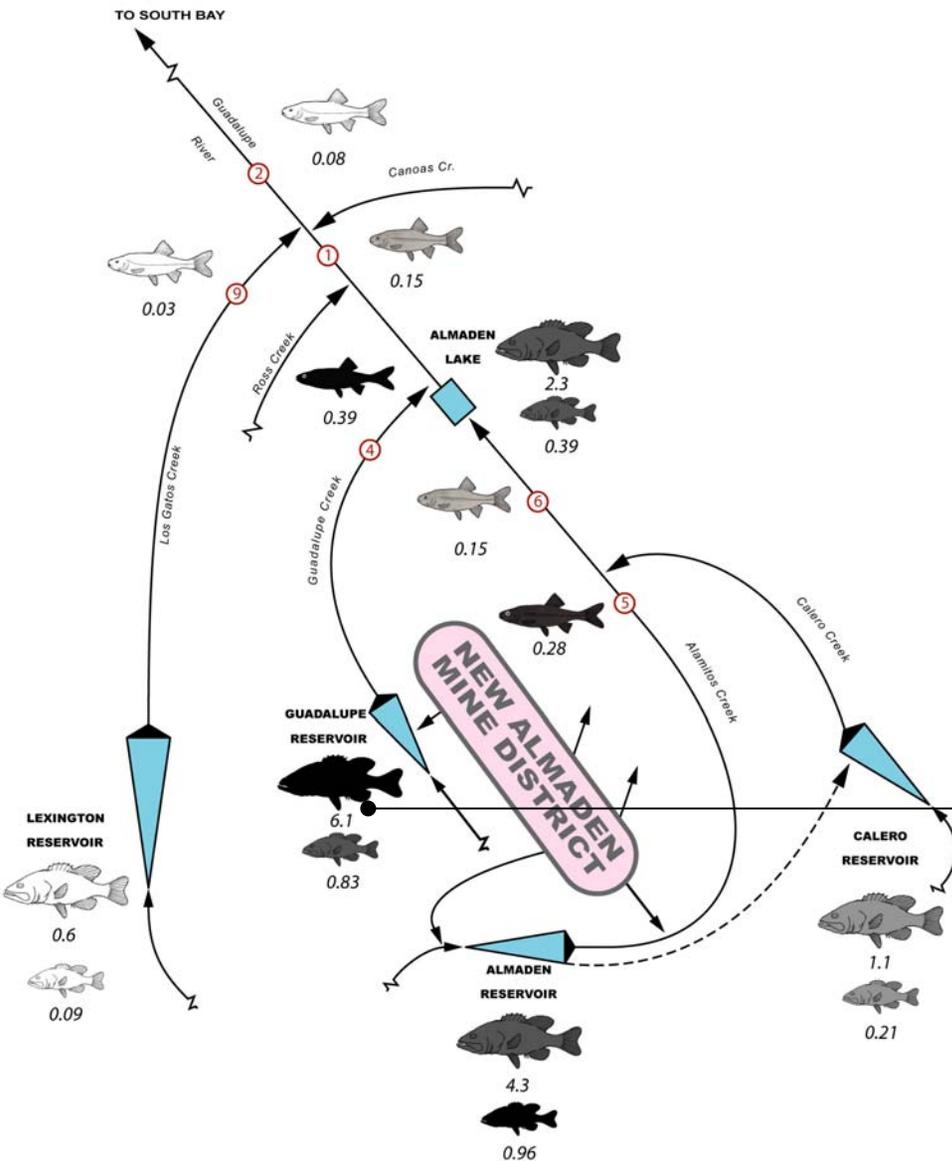
- Source Analysis
- Linkage Analysis

Main environmental concern: “fishable”

Is it safe for humans and wildlife to consume the fish?

Problem: Mercury Contaminated Fish

Guadalupe Reservoir:
6 ppm average
in 40 cm
Largemouth bass

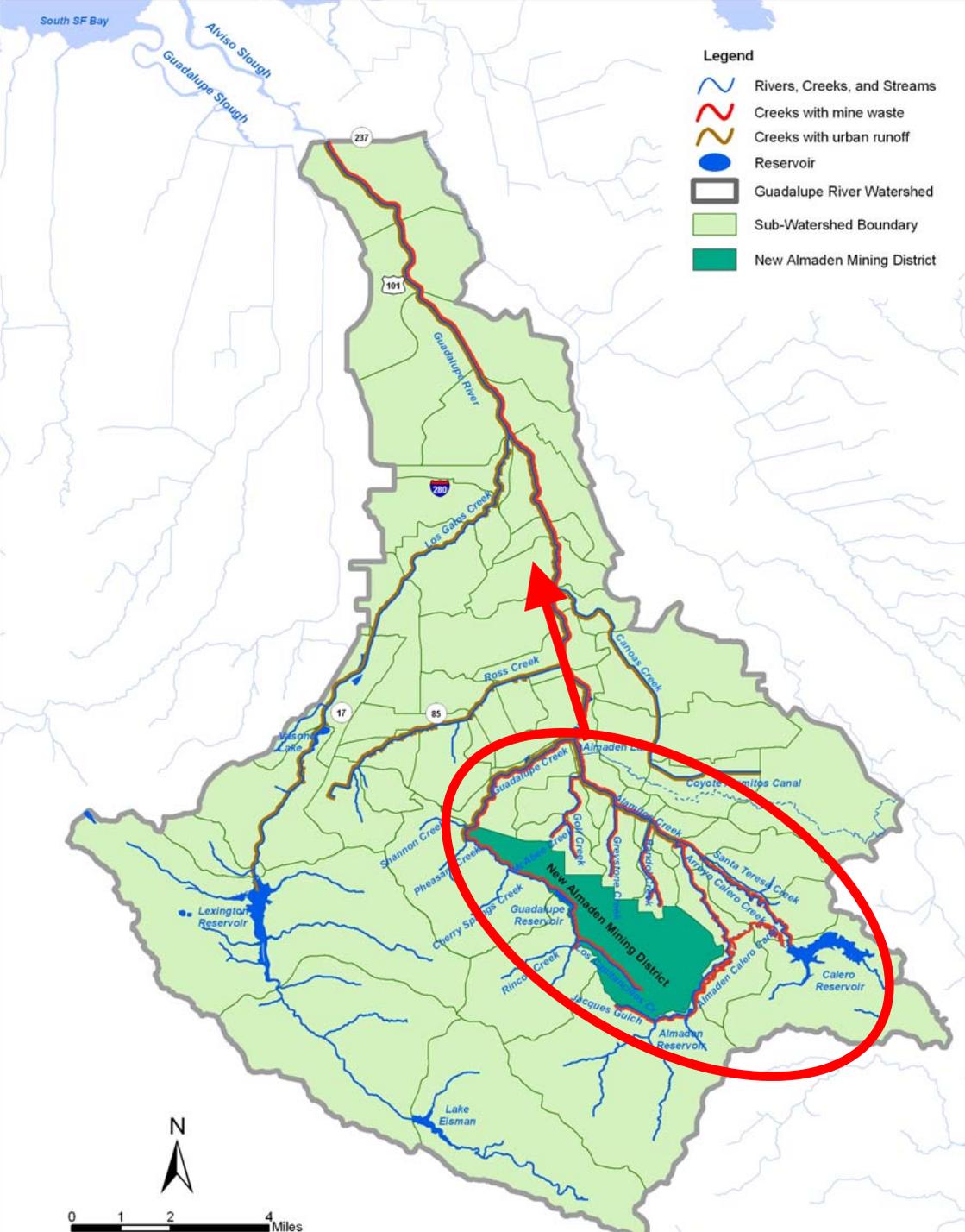


	Fish sampling sites in streams		Age-1 largemouth bass
	Adult largemouth bass		Age-1 California roach

*Shading in fish indicate the relative magnitude of mercury concentrations measured.
*Numbers shown are the averages of fish-tissue mercury concentrations (mg/kg wet wt.)

TMDL Elements in Conceptual Model

- Problem Statement
- Source Analysis
- Linkage Analysis



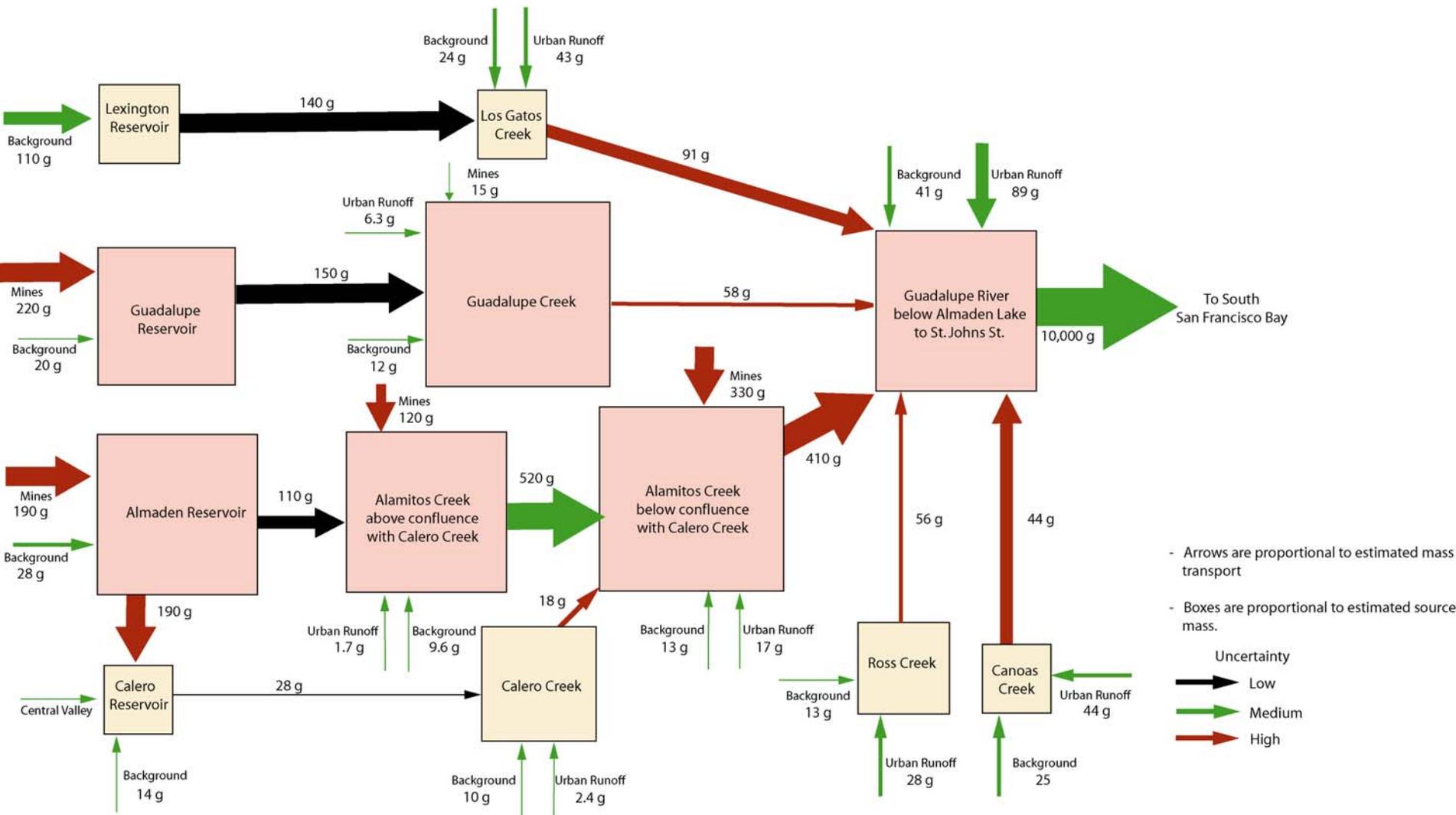
Four Sources

- Mining Waste
- Urban Runoff
- Atmospheric Deposition
- Natural Hg in soil

Citation: figure by Tetra Tech

Wet Season Total Mercury Loads

(10/1/2003 to 5/31/2004)



TMDL Elements in Conceptual Model

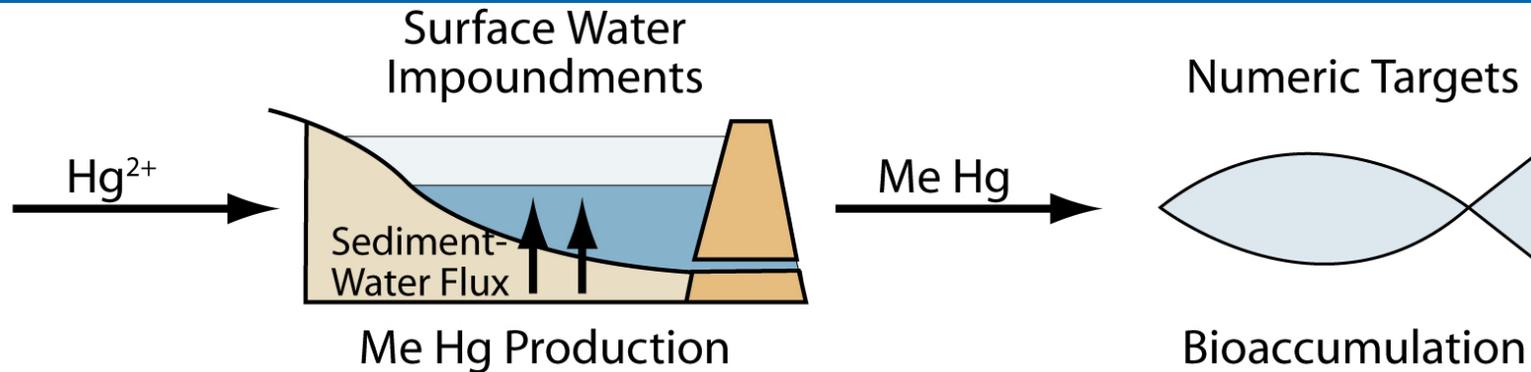
- Problem Statement
- Source Analysis
- Linkage Analysis

Sources
(Inorganic Mercury)
↓ Linked
Targets
(Bioaccumulation of
Organic (methyl)
Mercury)

Linkage Between Sources, Methylmercury, and Targets

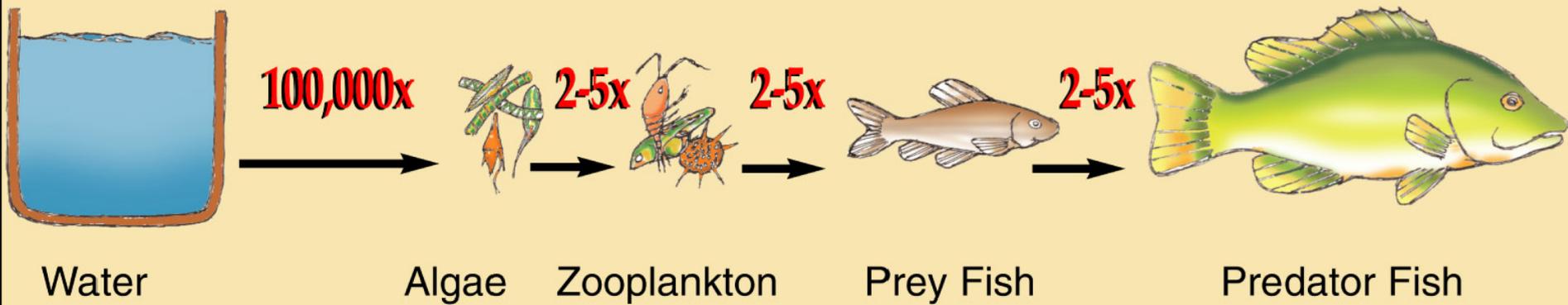
Sources:

- Mining Wastes
- Urban Runoff
- Atmospheric Deposition
- Soil

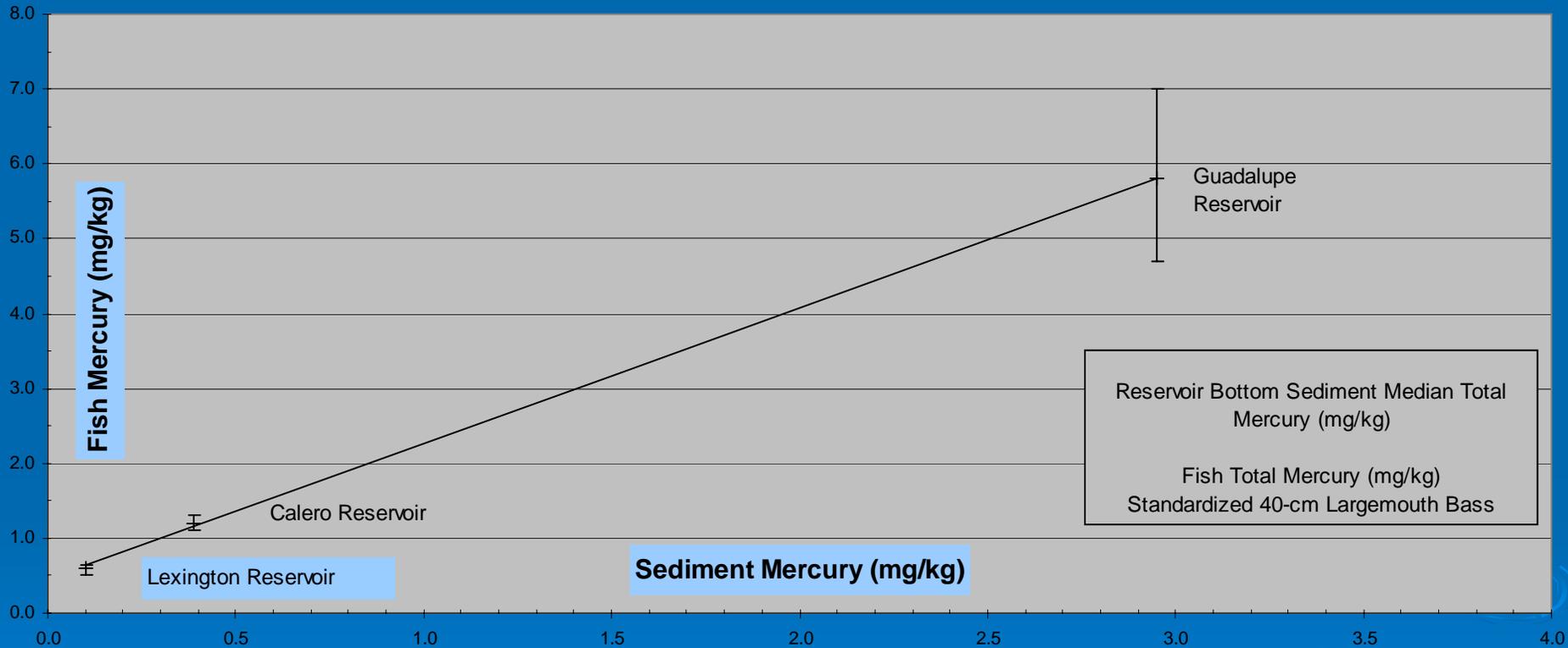


Food Chain Biomagnification of MeHg

Example Magnification Per Step



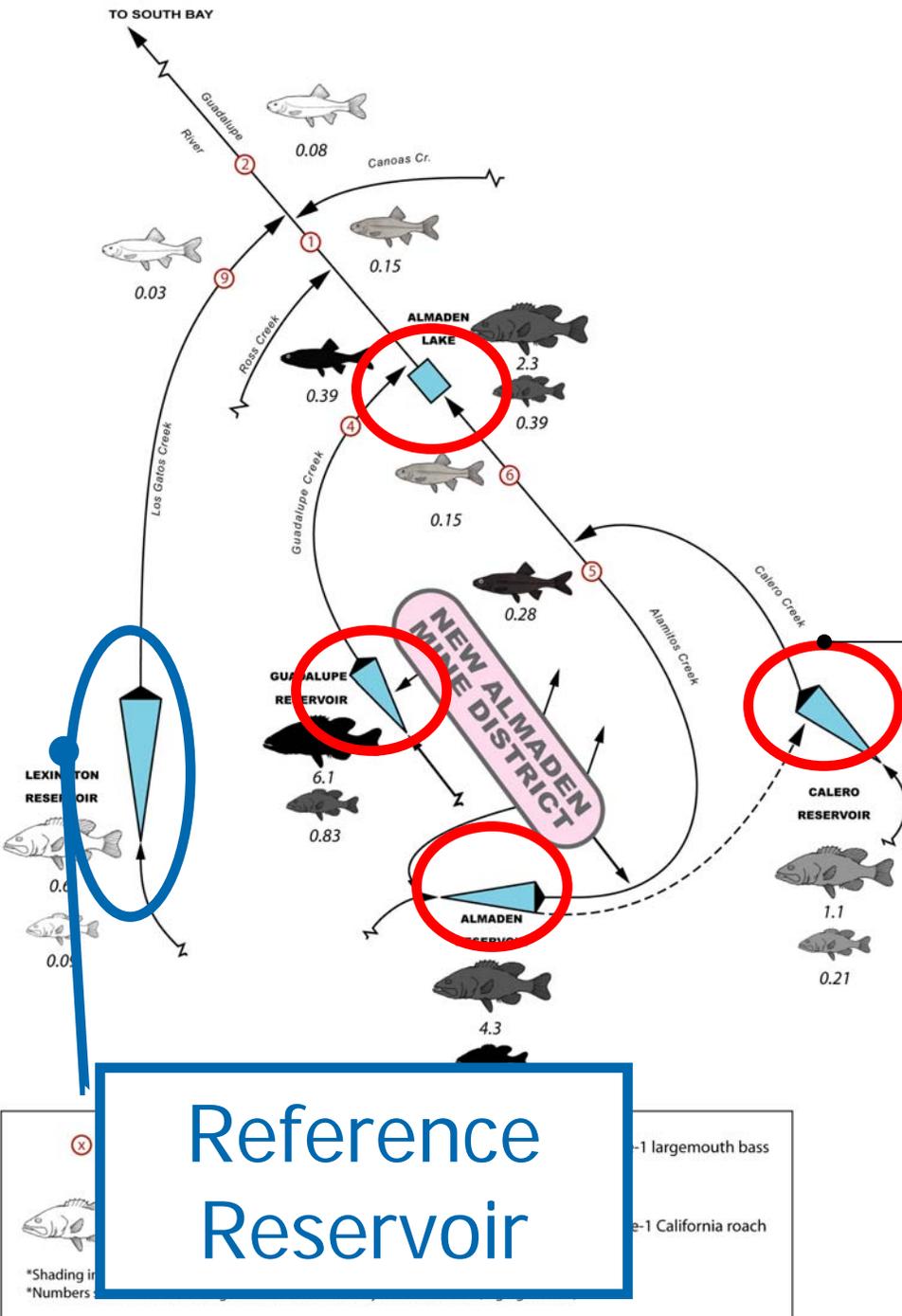
Lower $[Hg]_{sed}$ \rightarrow Lower $[Hg]_{fish}$



Methylmercury Production in Anoxic Waters is Key

“Impoundments”

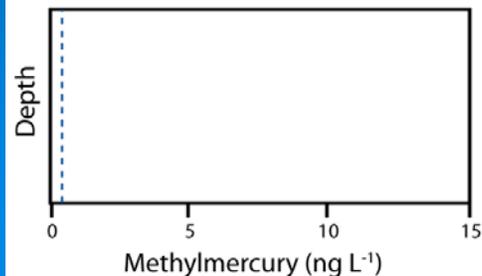
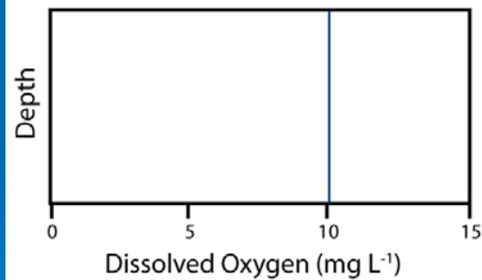
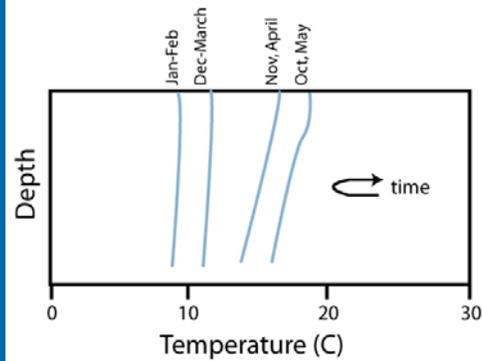
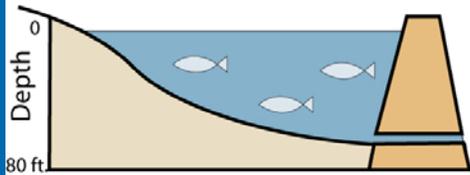
Citation: Figure 3-25
 Final Conceptual Model
 Report (Tetra Tech 2005c)



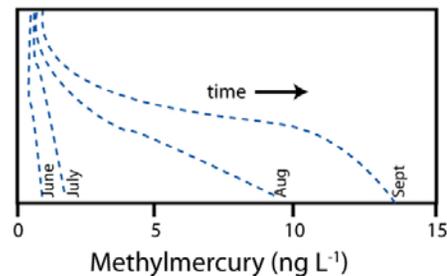
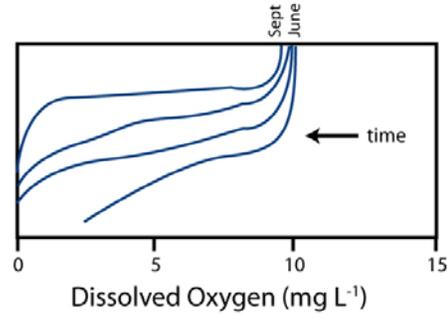
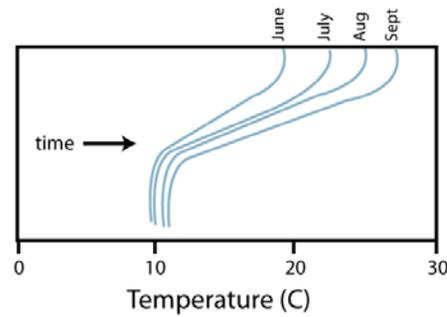
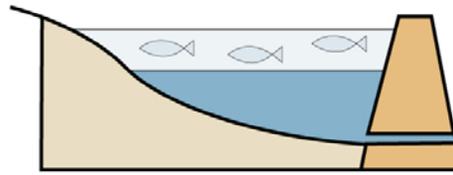
Reference Reservoir

A

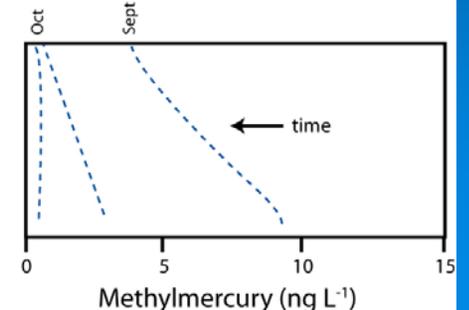
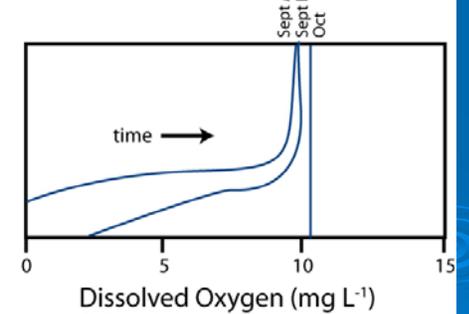
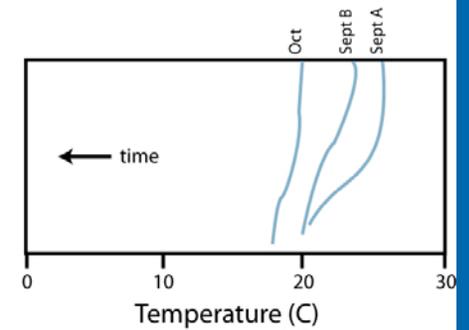
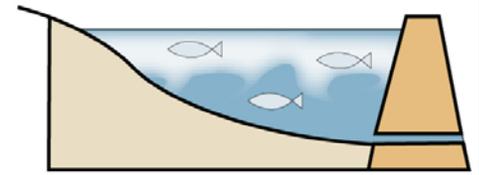
October–May

**B**

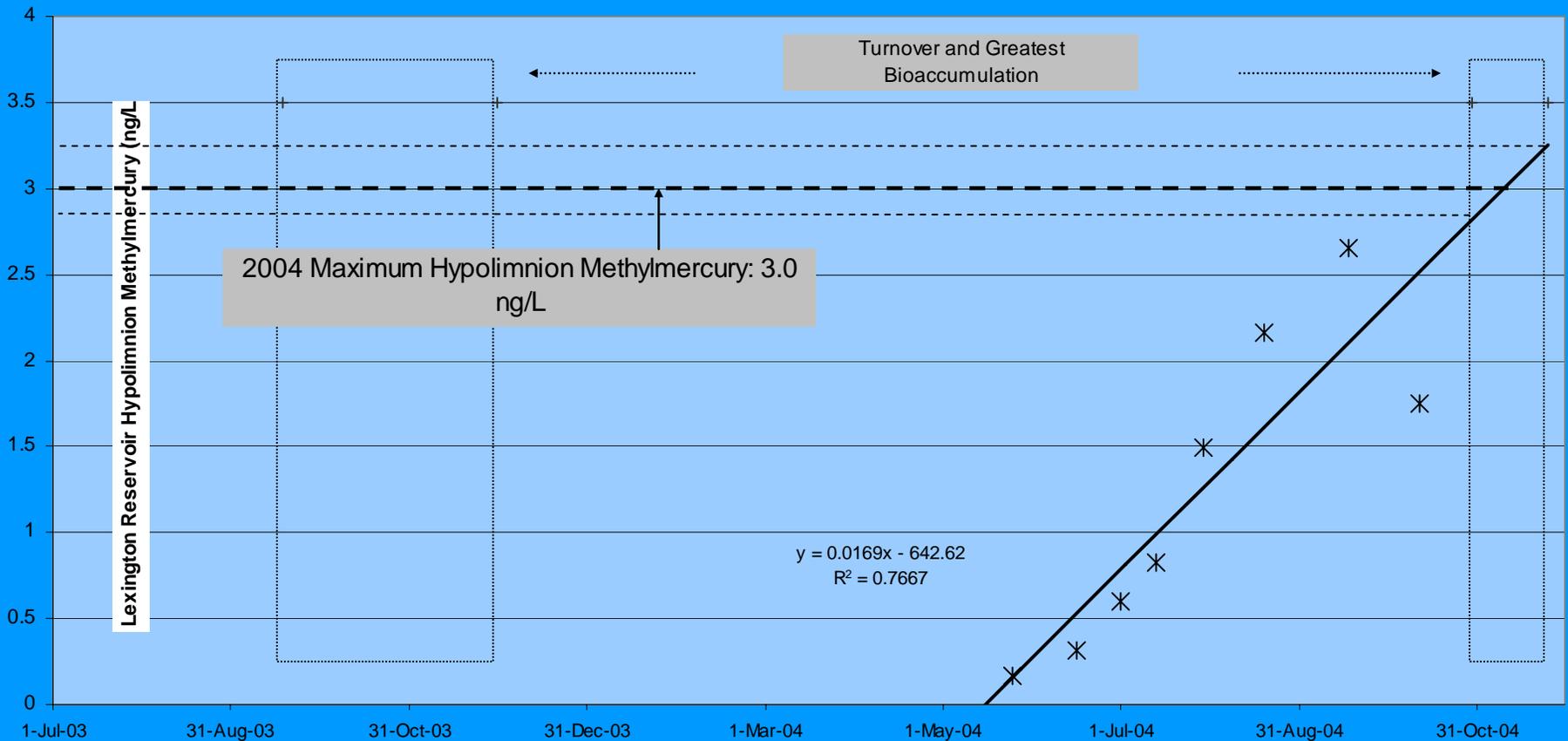
June–September

**C**

September–October



Seasonal Hypolimnion MeHg



TMDL Elements

- Problem Statement
- **Numeric Targets**
- Source Analysis
- Linkage Analysis
- Allocations
- Implementation

Numeric Targets = Goals or endpoints which equate to attainment of Water Quality Standards = “Fishable”

Wildlife Targets

**TL3 Fish
50 – 150 mm**

**TL3 Fish
150 – 350 mm**

0.05 ppm

0.10 ppm

USFWS calculation

Human Health Targets

<p>Typical Size and Species of Fish Consumed</p>	<p>Equivalent in TL4 Fish (40 cm Largemouth bass)</p>
<p>0.3 ppm</p>	<p>0.6 ppm</p>
<p>USEPA MeHg criterion</p>	

$$\text{Target} = \frac{\text{BW} \times \text{Dose}}{\text{Consumption}}$$

BW = Body Weight

Dose = Safe Dose of MeHg

Consumption = Fish Intake at
Trophic Level

TMDL Elements

- Problem Statement
- Numeric Targets
- Source Analysis
- Linkage Analysis
- **Allocations**
- Implementation

TMDL = total allowed pollutant amount

TMDL = combination of the allocations to point and non-point sources

Impoundment & Mining Allocations

Based on Fish in Reference Reservoir meet
Targets (“Fishable”)

40-cm Largemouth bass:

0.6 ppm < 0.66 ppm TL4 human health target

Age-1 Largemouth bass:

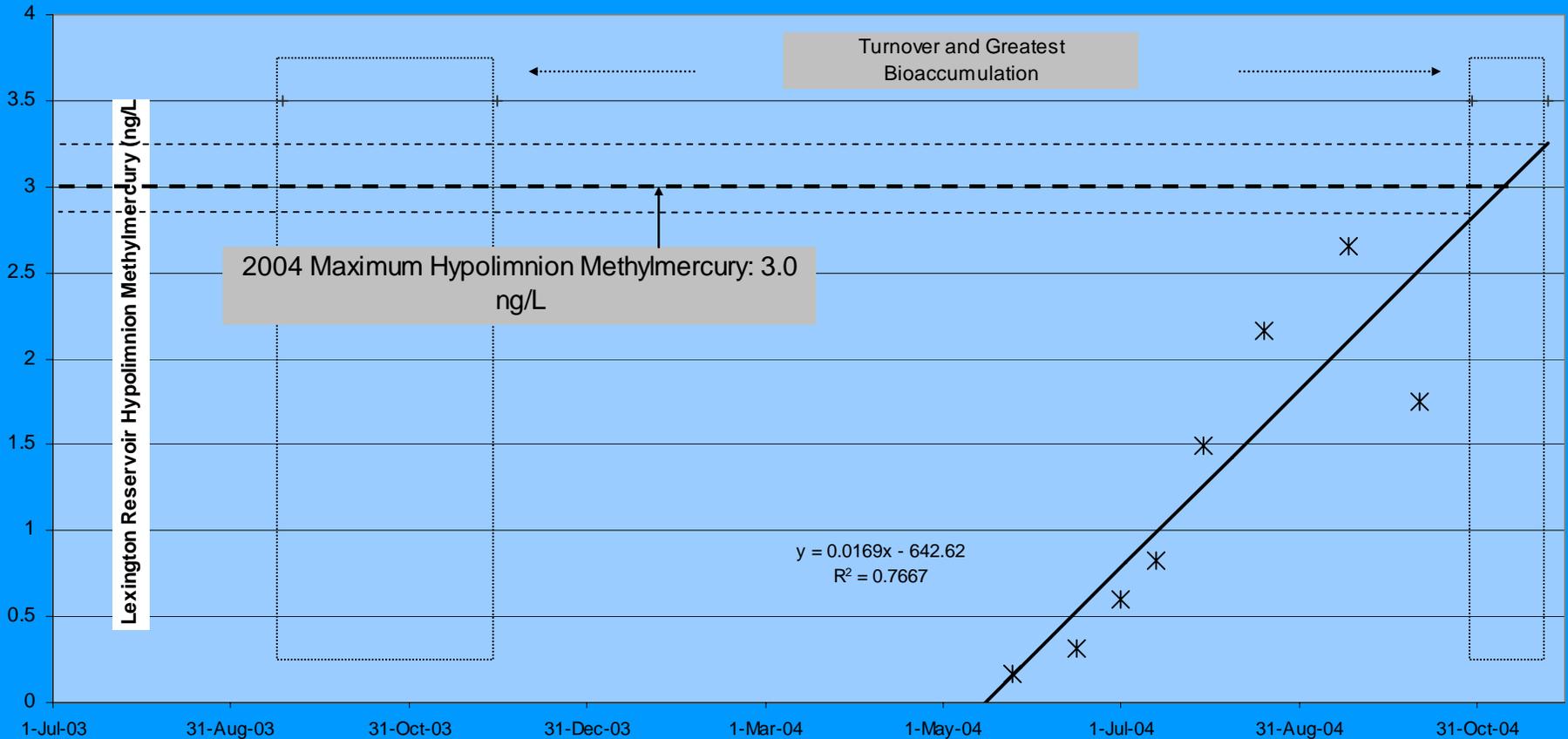
0.09 ppm @ 89 mm length equals

0.045 in TL3 < 0.05 ppm wildlife target

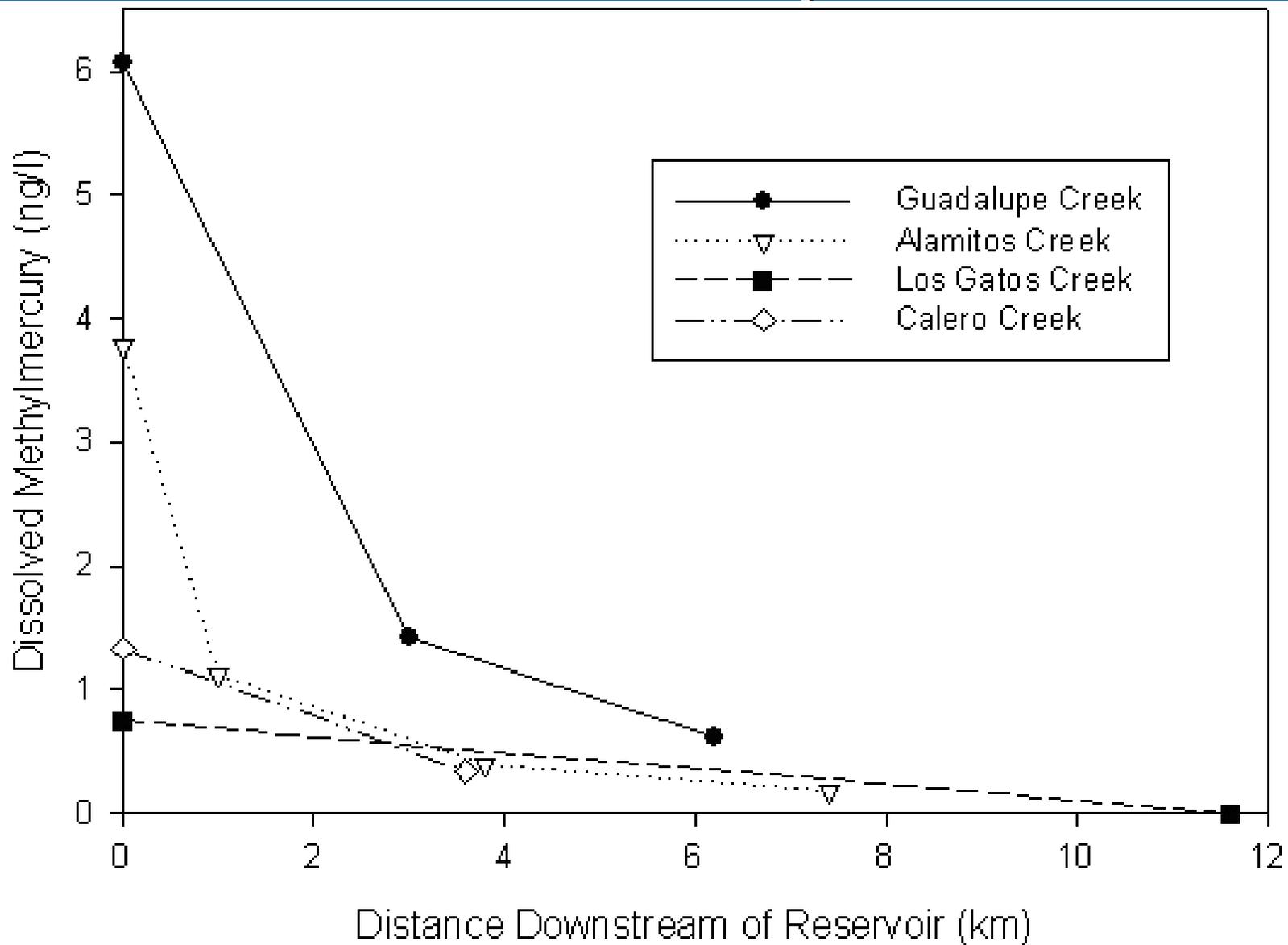
Standardized 40 cm Largemouth Bass in Bay Area Waterbodies (mg/kg wet wt)

Waterbody	Total Hg (mg/kg)
Guadalupe Reservoir	5.8
Almaden Reservoir	3.6
Lake Almaden	2.1
Stevens Creek Reservoir	1.4
Anderson Reservoir	1.3
Calero Reservoir	1.2
Soulajule Reservoir	1.1
Del Valle Reservoir	0.9
Nicasio Reservoir	0.8
Lexington Reservoir	0.6
Lake Chabot	0.6
Lafayette Reservoir	0.4

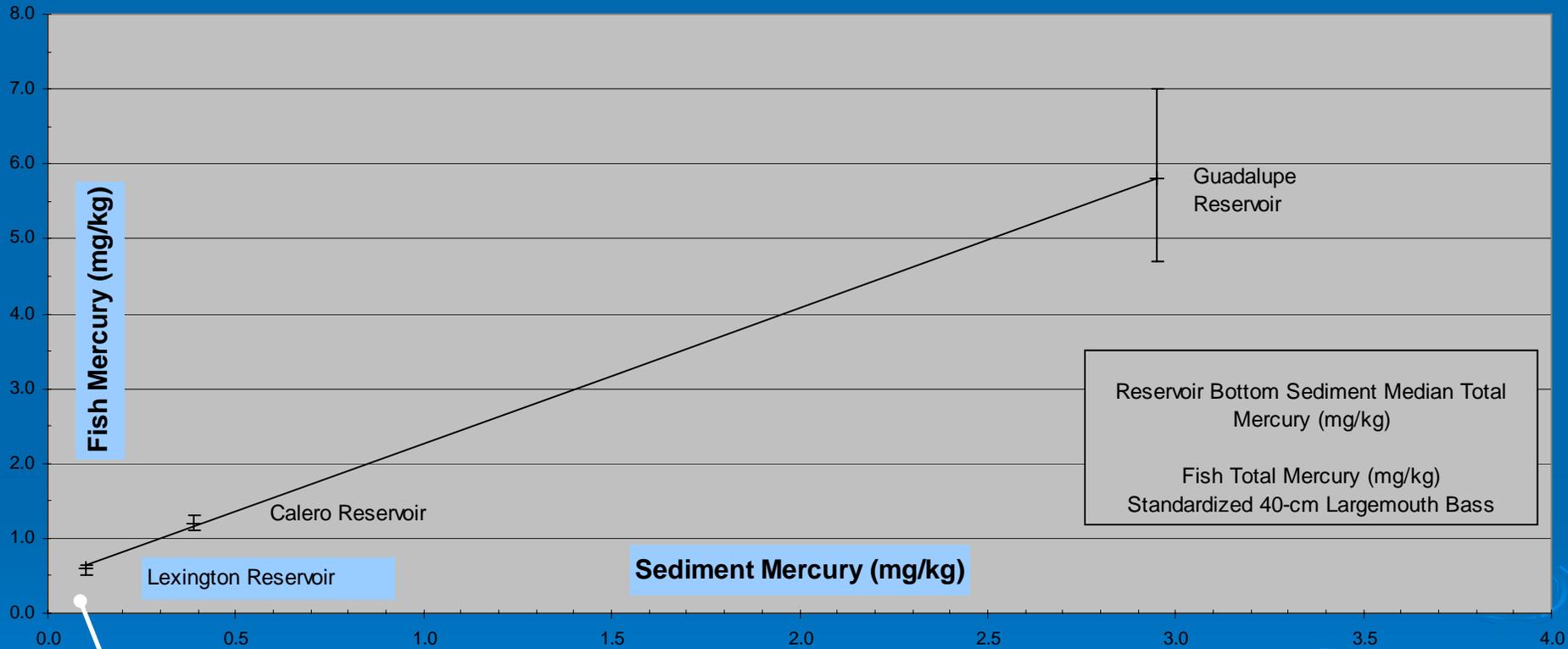
Allocation: Hypolimnion MeHg



Downstream Implications



Mining Waste Allocation



0.1 ppm $[Hg]_{\text{soil}}$ into impoundments

TMDL Elements

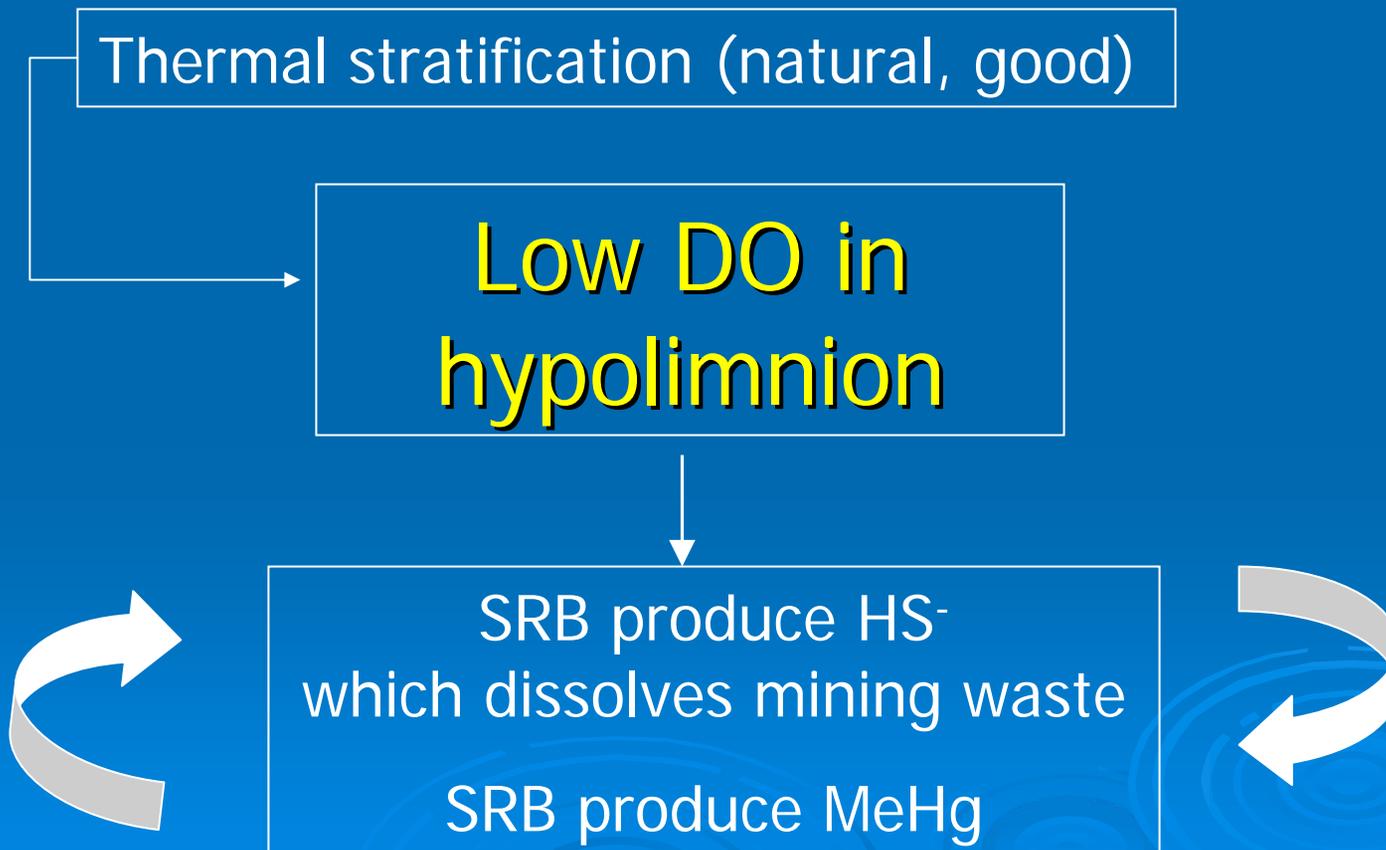
- Problem Statement
- Numeric Targets
- Source Analysis
- Linkage Analysis
- Allocations
- Implementation

Start in Headwaters: New Almaden

0.1 ppm mercury
in erodable soil fines
transported in runoff

BMPs for erosion control
w/in 10 yrs

Impoundment MeHg Production



Is Oxygen the Solution to MeHg?

Thermal stratification (natural, good)

oxygenated
hypolimnion



Summary

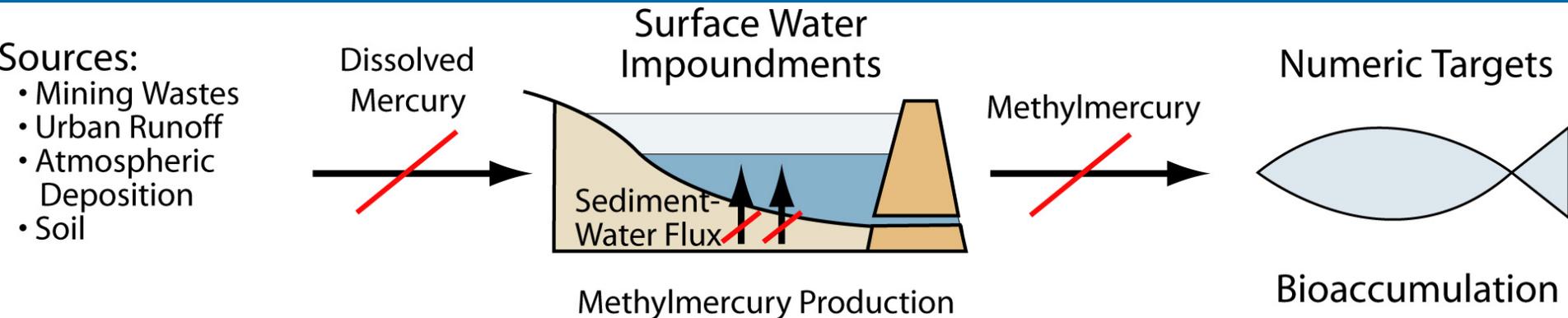


Figure S-1 Solving the Mercury Problem

Citation: figure prepared by Tetra Tech